THE BEAVER ARGUS

Vol. 52—No. 51. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, December 21, 1870. Established 1813.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisments should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JOHN MOORE, *Druggist* and dealer in paints, oils, pure medical Wines and Liquors, Glassware, Lamps and Fancy Goods; Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. sep28:ly

J. D. FAST, Dealer in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars. (sep28:ly

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep28:ly

BEAVER DRUG STORE. Hugo Andriessen, Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep28:ly

J. ANDERSON, Dealer in the improved Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine, Main st. See card in another column. sep28:ly

BEACOM Mrs. E. H., Dealer in Millinery Goods & Trimmings; cor 3d st and Diamond. sep28,ly

JAMES MOORE, Grocery & Restaurant Choice Teas, Best Coffees, Tobacco and Cigars, Confectionery and Vegetables. Main st. sep28:ly

R. ANSCHUTZ, Dealer in Tinware, Stoves, Grates, &c. West end 3d st. sep28:ly

W. DEVERE, Insurance agent, Beaver, Pa. Call and get your property insured. oct6:ly

PITTSBURGH.

J. MORGANSTERN, Dealer in Boots & Shoes, No 86 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, opposite Post Office. Publishers of the "Real Estate Register," sent free. Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

T. HENDERSON & BROS., Wholesale Druggists, 256 Liberty St. Pittsburgh. sep14:ly

D. RAMALEY'S CATPARLOR, 23 fifth Avenue, (near Market St.) Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

A. CLARKE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 149 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

JOSEPH HORNE & CO., 77 & 79 Market st., Pittsburgh—Importers and dealers in Notions, Trimmings, Hosiery, White Goods, &c. [sep14:ly

J. EYMER & BROTHERS, French and American Confectioners. Dealers in nuts, fruits, &c. 126, 128, 130 Wood St. Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

J. S. MOORE, Dealer in choice Teas, Coffees & Family Groceries. No 30 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14:ly

JOHN BIGGERT & SON, Dealers in the New Wood Family Sewing Machines. 116 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14:ly

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., Dealers in Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c. Special rates to Clergy. Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14:ly

P. Successor to J. M. Fahnestock, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silver ware. No 5 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14:ly

W. A LYONS, House and Sign Painter, writes to order Show Cards for every business.—No 74 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep2:ly

T. C. FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Furniture and Chairs;—Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. 45 Smithfield st. [oct5:ly

NEW BRIGHTON.

GEO F. SIEMON, Bakery & Confectionery, 3rd st. Special attention given to wedding and balls. (sep14:ly

A. J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors,—Broadway, New Brighton. See adv [sep14:ly

A. M. WHISLER, Dentist. Broadway, New Brighton. [sep14:ly

H. NOSS, Photographer. Wilson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. [sep14:ly

WISTER & BEDISON, Jewelers and Watchmakers, Broadway, N. Brighton. [sep14:ly

J. HORTTER, Groceries, Queensware and Household Goods. Broadway. [sep14:ly

EVAN PUGH, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Books, Stationery & Notions; Broadway, New Brighton, Pa. [sep21,ly

CRIFF & STEINFELD, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods & Notions; Merchant Tailors & Cutters. Broadway. oct12:ly

BEAVER FALLS.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Dealer in Improved Home Sewing Machines. Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

MRS E. KING,—Dry Goods, Queensware and Millinery, corner of Main and Baker streets, Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

KENDALL & TANNEY, Artists & Fresco Painters, Kalsomining, House and Sign Painters, Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14:ly

BRIDGEWATER.

JAMES PORTER, Tinner, Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron wire, and Iron Cistern Pumps. Bridge st. Bridgewater. sep14:ly

C. BLATTNER, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14:ly

C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings. Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14:ly

H. DOHERTY, Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge Street, Bridgewater. sep14:ly

I. HANAUER, Millinery, Trimmings & Notions Bridge st., Bridgewater. sep14:ly

F. WEINMAN, Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes, Bridge st., Bridgewater. sep14:ly

MRS. BRUNER, Gentlemen's Clothing cleansed and pressed. Water St. above Bridge. (sep14:ly

JOHN WOODRUFF, Marble Cutter; Monuments & Tombstones of all descriptions made to order. Bridge st. Market and Water streets. (sep14:ly

J. STILES & CO. Groceries, Queensware, Window Glass, Flour, Feed & Country Produce. Bridge corner, Bridge St. Bridgewater. [sep21:ly

LUTHER MAGINNIS,—Solicitor and Proprietor of Persian Salve, & Dealer in Agents' Goods Agents wanted. Water st. bet mills, Bridgewater. P. O. address, Beaver, Pa. sep28:ly

HIRAM MEANOR, Dealer in Monongahela Coal. Orders left at J. H. Clark's, in Beaver, and at Smith's Drug Store in Bridgewater, will be promptly attended to. Cash on delivery—Lowest Rates. Yard—McDonald's Point. sep28:ly

ROCHESTER.

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. (sep14:ly

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all Kinds. Brighton st., above Iron Factory. See adv't. (sep14:ly

JOHN KARCHER, Baker and Confectioner.—Water st., Rochester, Pa. (sep14:ly

INGRAHAM BOYD, Wagon & Carriage Maker, Railroad st., Rochester, Pa. (sep14:ly

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14:ly

DR. J. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician; Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, corner of Diamond and Bridge sts., Rochester. [sep14:ly

PEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boat stores, Iron & Nails. Cor. Water & James sts.

G. FREDERICK, Baker and Confectioner.—Wedding Cakes and Ice Cream furnished promptly. On Diamond, Rochester. (sep14:ly

FOR SALE by A. SILVERMAN, Headquarters for Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Notions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods generally, Water street, Rochester, Pa. (sep14:ly

MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, & Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c. Deal in Lumber. Lath &c. Rochester. [sep21:ly

SCOTT, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Lukins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. sep28:ly

POWERS LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, between R. R. station and Ohio river. oct9:ly

SCHROPP CHAS., Manufacturer of and dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Roofing, Spouting, &c., attended to. N. York st. oct19:ly

STEFFELER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stables. Near R. R. Depot. oct19:ly

J. E. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Store on the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct19:ly

J. WALTER & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkeys, &c. Blacksmithing and horseshoeing done in the best manner. Rochester, Pa. no16:ly

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN THORNSILEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension top and centre. Fallston, Pa. —

ALBERT RUSSELL, Stoneware Manufacturer. Orders promptly attended to. Vanport, Pa. Post office address—Beaver, Pa. [sep14:ly

HAVING Permanently located in the village of Zelienople Pa., for the purpose of practicing Medicine, I respectfully tender my professional services to the citizens of said village and vicinity. Office, in residence, opposite Eagle Hotel, where I shall always be found, unless professionally engaged. All calls will receive immediate and prompt attention. A. V. CUNNINGHAM, M. D. sep21,1y

J. LINNENBRINK,
Dealer in Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, Periodicals and Stationery.
Watches and Jewelry repaired. Agent for the WHEELER Sewing Machine, Rochester Pa. jy13,6m

J. H. McCREERY.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Third Street, Beaver, Pa.
Office below the Court House, Beaver, Pa. jy22tf

BANKING-HOUSE.
THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

THOS. M'CREERY, *Cashier.*
J. F. DRAVO, J. B. ANGIEL,
J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for 7 good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

DR. JOHN C. LEVIS, Surgeon & Physician—Office, during the day, at Dunlap's Corner; at night at my residence on Water street, Bridgewater, Pa. Will practice Surgery and Medicine. [mar9:1y:ch'd apr27

J. S. McNUTT, M. D., Having permanently located in Beaver, would respectfully tender his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and surrounding country. Special attention paid to the treatment of female diseases. Surgery done with a skillful hand. Office on Third street, a few doors west of the Court House. apr23:'70:6m

WILLIAM BARNES, dealer in Boots' Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., next door to Porter's Tin shop, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., where he is prepared to manufacture and sell everything in his line at reasonable rates. Having removed his place of business from the corner near the Bridge to his present location, he invites his old friends and patrons to give him a call. my26'70:1y.

FOR SALE!!—A rosewood, Piano-Forte Melodeon, entirely new, with four stops and five octaves. Inquire at this office. nov2:4w

JAS. CAMERON, Attorney at Law Beaver, Pa. Office in the room formerly occupied by the late Judge Adams. Collections, &c., promptly attended to. sep19'69:1y.

Gold & Silver Watches.

IMPORTANT
TO EVERY ONE!

Look at Price Lists.

Holiday Greeting!

Grand Display
OF
Christmas - Presents!!!!

Gents' Gold Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches.
New Chains and Bracelets.
Necklaces and Lockets.
Fine Gold Jewelry.
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes.
Gold Spectacles & Eye-Glasses.

Sterling Silver - Ware;
[A Splendid Stock.]
Parian and Bronze - Ware.

FANCY GOODS.
Prices Lower than Ever.
E. P. ROBERTS,
No. 16 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

All are invited to call, when in the city, and examine our Holiday Goods without feeling under any obligation to buy. Don't fail to come and see the Grand Display. oct5:3m:ch'dec21

Miscellaneous.

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office in McKinley's building, east of Public Square. mar31:ly.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the Estate of John Feazle, dec'd, late of Pulaski township, Beaver county, Penna., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims on said estate will present them to the subscriber, duly authenticated for settlement.
oct26;6w HENRY PHILLIS, *Ex'r.*

Dry Goods.

D. S. RANGER,
Bridge Street,
BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS.

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woollen blankets,
White and Colored and Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Cobergs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woollen Shawls
Brown and Black Muslins,
Drillings, Tickings,
Prints,
Canton
Flannels,
Jaconets,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves
& Mits.

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3, and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes
LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powder and Fuse.
Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

D. S. RANGER.
dec23:6t:ly.—1:ch'gd.

Iron City College

The Most Complete Business College in the United States,

Affording facilities for acquiring a thorough practical business education, possessed by no other School in the country.

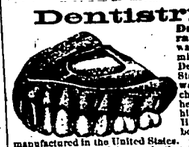
Since its incorporation in 1855, nearly Sixteen Thousand Students, representatives from every State in the Union, have attended there.

No vacations. Students enter at any time, and receive private instruction throughout the entire course

N. B.—Circulars with full particulars and all necessary information, on addressing
SMITH & COWLEY, Principals,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
jan19:1y.

TONICS. Professors BUCHANAN & DUNN of the American University, are making wonderful cures of Cancers, Tumors and Ulcers by their new discovery. A painless treatment, no knife, no plasters, no caustic burning. The most remarkable effect treatment CANCERS. rates the chemical elements of cancerous growths, so that they shrivel, die and disappear and will not return. All those afflicted can call on the Professors Buchanan & Dunn, University; or address, No. 514 Pine Street, Philada. TONICS.
aug17:1y

Dentistry.



Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, is determined that no Dentist in the State shall do work better or cheaper than he offers it to his patrons.—He uses the best materials manufactured in the United States. Gold and silver filling performed in a style that defies competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations, or the money returned. Give him a trial. feb2:ly

Brighton Paper Mills,
BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,
MANILLA,
ROOFING, BAILING,
Hardware, Glass, Straw.
RAG AND CARPET
PAPERS.
MANUFACTURED
AND SOLD AT
Wholesale & Retail by
Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.
☞ Rags taken in exchange. [sep19;'69:1y

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after Dec'r. 4th, 1870, Trains will leave Stations' daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows.—[Train leaving Chicago at 8.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 3.55 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXP's.	MAIL.	ACCOM	EXP's
Pittsburgh	135AM	1055AM	710AM	320PM
Rochester	343 "	1305PM	940	423 "
Salem				
Alliance	505	300 "	1145	700
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	651	445	152PM	858
Wooster				
Mansfield	903	652	423	1033
Crestline { A	935	725	500	1100
Crestline { D	1003	745	553AM	1110
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	1127	925	725	1235AM
Lima	1256PM	1040	900	135 "
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	230	135AM	1145	350
Columbia				
Warsaw				
Plymouth	450	337	225PM	601
Valparaiso				
Chicago	720	700	555	900

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	EXP's.	EXP's.	MAIL.	EXP's
Chicago	900AM	515PM	850AM	900PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	1203PM	905	950	1235AM
Warsaw				
Columbia				
Fort Wayne	225	1'25	1250PM	230
Van Wert				
Lima	506	135AM	315	540
Forest	608	243	413	707
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline { A	630	420	620	855
Crestline { D	650	430	650AM	925
Mansfield	717	500	840	1005
Wooster				
Orrville	905	654	915	1155
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	1045	850	1130	130PM
Salem				
Rochester	1250AM	1105	235PM	337
Pittsburgh	155	1210PM	345	440

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2:30 p. m; New Castle, 3:00 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 6:30 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7:00 a. m; arr. at New Castle, 10:44 a. m. Youngstwn, 10:30 a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6:30 a. m; New Castle, 7:30 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2:00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 5:45 p. m.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after May 29th 1870, trains will leave Stat ons daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM
Cleveland	840AM	1215PM	320PM
Euclid Street			
Hudson	955	125	510
Ravenna	1020	155	540
Alliance	1130	235	650
Bayard	1202PM	303	
Wellsville	155	420	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM
Wellsville	900AM	508PM	
Bayard	1015	628	
Alliance	1125	715	725AM
Ravenna	1202PM	801	815 "
Hudson	1253	854	855
Euclid Street			
Cleveland	210	945	1010

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXP's	ACCOM
Bellair	545AM	....	240PM	410PM
Bridgeport	558	....	310	420
Steubenville	700	....	315	535
Wellsville	815	155PM	440	
Smith's Ferry				
Beaver				
Rochester	925	325	540	
Pittsburgh	1035	400	645	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP's.	ACCOM	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	425AM	310PM	425PM	
Rochester	735	410	537	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	855	500	700	
Steubenville	955	620		705AM
Bridgeport	1105	730		815
Bellair	1115	735		830

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leave	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 510 a. m.	Bayard, 945, a.m.
Bayard, 1:10 a.m.	N. Philadelphia, 330pm

Miscellaneous.

J. MOORE
DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal
WINES AND LIQUORS;
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:
ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;
GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,
BRUSHES &
PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec7, '70tf.

THE CELEBRATED IMPROVED
GERARD
OROIDE GOLD WATCHES,
$12, $15, $20, $25.

DURING the past four or five years our Watches have been so thoroughly tested, that for appearance, style of finish, and accuracy of time-keeping, the Gerard Watches" are universally acceded to be the best. They retain their brilliancy and color until worn out.

☞ If after purchasing and fairly trying, any one is not fully satisfied, we will cheerfully refund the money.

☞ They are all in Hunting Cases, Gentlemen's and Ladies' sizes. Every Watch guaranteed for time and wear, by special certificate.

☞ A large assortment "Improved Oroide" Chains, $2 to $8. Also, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Jewelry in great variety.

☞ Beware of imitations. Order direct from us or our authorized agents. Agents and others applying for circulars will please enclose three cent stamp for postage.

☞ Goods sent to be **paid for on delivery. Customers permitted to examine what they order (before paying bills,)** on payment of Express charges both ways.

☞ When SIX Watches are ordered at once, we will send an extra Watch (of same kind) free.

☞ Purchasers residing at some distance from Express offices, and desiring to save time and expenses, can have the goods sent by mail, by remitting (with the order) the amount in cash by P. O. Money order, registered letter, Draft, or check, payable to our order, at our risk. Address plainly.

JAMES GERARD & CO.,
P. O. Box 3,391, New York,
nov23;3m.) 85 Nassau Street.

A CARD.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baleful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.* Address JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York city. dec7;4w

Miscellaneous.

OVER 400 PAGES OF
READING MATTER FOR ONE DOLLAR!

The American Stock Journal,

A large Handsomely Illustrated Monthly, containing 33 to 40 large Double Column Pages, filled with *original*, matter from the *ablest* writers in the country, on the various subjects connected with

FARMING,
STOCK BREEDING,
WOOL GROWING,
DAIRYING,
POULTRY KEEPING, &c,

Bound in handsomely tinted cover. It has

A Veterinary Department

under the charge of one of the ablest Professors in the United States, who answers through the JOURNAL, *free of charge*, all questions relating to Sick, Injured or Diseased Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine or Poultry. This makes it a very valuable work for reference, and an almost indispensible companion to all interested in STOCK-BREEDING. The low price at which it is published ($1.00 a year) brings it within the reach of all, while the

Splendid Inducements offered to Agents and Premiums to Subscribers

make it to the interest of every Farmer and Stock Breeder to extend its circulation.

Send Stamp for Specimen Copy, large Illustrated Show Bill & Premium List.

Get up a Club and obtain one of the many valuable Premiums offered, consisting of Chester White, Berkshire, Suffolk, Magie and Essex Pigs, Short-Horn, Alderney, Ayrshire and Devon Calves, Southdown, Cotswold and Merino Sheep, Cashmere Goats, Pure-Bred Poultry, Norway Oats, Seeds, Agricultural Implements, Pianos, Watches, Silver Ware, Books, &c., &c. Specimen Copies sent free. Address,

N. P. BOYER & CO., Publishers,
nov23:3t] Parkesburg, Chester Co., Pa.

Christmas Gifts!
Christmas Gifts!
Holiday Goods!
Holiday Goods!
Toys, Toys,
TOYS!!

B. Fulheim

Has just received the largest and best selected stock of goods, suitable for Christmas Gifts for everybody, old and young, ever brought to Beaver county. It comprises almost everything in the

TOY LINE.

In connection with the above, he keeps the Best, Largest and Cheapest stock of

CARPETS,

CARPET OIL CLOTHS, &c., &c., &c.

Bridge St. Bridgewater Pa nov26:3t

J. J. Horter, Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Queensware, Fruits, Meats, &c.

Corner Falls and Broadway, New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa. Terms cash. sep.14'70:1y.

SELECT POETRY.

THE SERGEANT OF THE FIFTIETH.

Out of the blackened cloud
Gazed the moon upon the powder
Where had rolled the battle
Ere the coming of the
An old sergeant of the
To his general made re
"Present foot; and 1; a
Pralled he God, we ha
Weak and trembling was
For his blood was slu
But the general asked
What the foolish trifle
Where his company was
Turning to his comrade
He made answer: "
Shot and shell have le
"These the matrailleuse
Fire poor wounded, th
Sharp and fierce the shot
But the enemy are go
"Then return to your
Comrade brave, the
"Pardon, General; here
On the crimson sod
At the rest." The gen
Gnawing at his mous
"Sorely my poor boys
Cursed he their tark
Still we took those
To our regiment re
With low voice replied
"Pardon, General, that
Seizing with his hand the
Tears dissolved the
"God avert more such
In a quivering voice he
"Friends, the Eagle wh
And the flag, are there
"Never!" answered the
From his breast the

ORIGINAL POETRY.

HULDAH THE HELD.

A THANKSGIVING STORY.

I remember a story that Judge Balcom told a few years ago on the afternoon of Thanksgiving Day. I do not feel sure that it will interest every body as it did me. Indeed, I am afraid that it will not, and yet I cannot help thinking that it is just the sort of a trifle that will go well with turkey, celery and mince pie.

It was in the Judge's own mansion on Thirty-fourth street that I heard it. It does not matter to the reader how I, a stranger, came to be one of that family party. Since I could not enjoy the society of my own family, it was an act of Christian charity that permitted me to share the joy of others. We had eaten dinner and had adjourned to the warm, bright parlor. I have noticed on such occasions that conversation is apt to flag after dinner. Whether it is that digestion absorbs all of one's vitality, or for some other reason, at least so it generally falls out that people may talk ever so brilliantly at the table, but they will hardly do so for the first half-hour after. And so it happened that some of the party fell to looking at the fire and some to turning the leaves of the photograph album, while others were using the stereoscope. My own part, I was staring at the engraving in a dark corner of the room where I could not have much chance of its purpose if I had desired it; but in reality I was thinking of the pleasant company of my own fireside, hundreds of miles away, and of everything that I could not

"What are you [illegible]

She was a rather [illegible] looking girl of sixteen, but, as I had noticed, very much devoted to her parents. At this moment she was running her hand through her father's hair, while he was rousing himself from his revery to answer her question.

"Thinking of the old Thanksgivings, which were a different from anything we have here. They were the genuine thing; these are only counterfeits."

"Come, tell us abt them, please." This time it was Abie Balcom, the older girl, who spoke. And we all gathered round the Judge. For I notice that when a versation does revive, after that kind of silence that follows dinner, is very attractive to the whole company, and in whatsoever place it breaks out, there is soon a knot of erested listeners.

"I don't just re think of any particular story of New England Thanksgivings that would interest you," said the Jud;

"Tell them about Huldah's mince-pie," said Mrs. Ball, as she looked up from a copy of itter she had been reading.

I cannot pretend to give the story which follows exactly in the Judge's words, for it is th years since I heard it, but as my as I can remember it was as ws:—

There was a young woman by the name of John Harp rac ting law here in New York nty odd years ago. His father not very far away from my f. John had graduated with h, had studied law, and had the fortune to enter immediately a partnership with his law p tor, Ex-Gov. Blank. So eagerid he pursued his studies that fo years he had not seen his countme. I think one reason why h not cared to visit it was tha mother was dead, and his onter was married and living inn. Take the "woman folks" o house and it never seems mue home to a young man.

But now, as sgiving Day drew near he re to give himself a brief relaxa the bondage of books. He to nner that he wanted to go hom week. He said he wanted tis father and the boys, and ter, who was coming home at me, but that he specially wanrde old Bob to the brook one and to milk Cherry again, ju how it felt to be a farmer be

"John," said lawyer, "be sure you fix match with some of these co rls; no man is fit for anythi he is well married, and you able with economy to sup wife. Mind you get one of ountry girls These paste and people here aren't fit for a yo who wants a woman."

"Governor," soung lawer, laying his boots y up on top of a pile of law-l f to encourage reflection, this hand the advantage of thdd of the inclined plane. , I don't know anything y girls. I have given mys books. But I must have a ls literary like myself,—one understand Emerson, tee."

The old lawyer. "John," he answered, "I mistake you can make is to woman just like yourself. You don't want to marry head but her heart."

John defended, and the Governor only that he would be cured ter or later, and the sooner

The next mot had a letter from his sl of it ran about thus:—

"I've concluow, that if you don't marry up and turn to parchmng to bring home with n test girl I know. She read quotes Goethe, and u Emerson. Of course she d that I am up to, but you e to capitulate."

John did not da's assuming to pick him, but he did like the meeting a smart girl, and he opened the letter again to make sure that he had not misunderstood. He read again, "understands Emerson." John was pleased. Why? I think I can divine. John was vain of his own abilities, and he wanted a woman that could appreciate him. He would have told you that he wanted congenial society. But congenial female society to an ambitious man whose heart is yet untouched is only society that, in some sense, understands his own greatness and admires his wisdom.

In the old home they were looking for the son. The family proper consisted of the father, good Deacon Harlow, John's two brothers, ten and twelve years old, and Huldah, the hired girl. This last was the daughter of a neighboring farmer, who was poor and hopelessly rheumatic, and most of the daughter's hard earnings went to eke out the scanty subsistence at home. Aunt Judith, the sister of John's mother, "looked after" the household affairs of her brother-in-law, by coming over once a week and helping Huldah darn and mend and make, and by giving Huldah such advice as her experience was supposed to require. But now Deacon Harlow's daughter had left her husband to eat his turkey alone in Boston, and had brought her two children home to receive the paternal blessings. Not that Mrs. Amanda Holmes had the paternal blessing chiefly in view in her trip. She had brought with her a very dear friend, Miss Janet Dunton, the accomplished teacher in the Mt. Parnassus Female Seminary. Why Miss Janet Dunton came to the country with her friend, she could hardly have told. Not a word had Mrs. Holmes spoken to her on the subject of the matrimonial scheme. She would have resented any illusion to such a project. She would have repelled any insinuation that had ever dreamed that marriage was desirable under any conceivable circumstances. It is a way we have of teaching girls to lie. We educate them to catch husbands. Every super-added accomplishment is put on with the distinct understanding that its sole use is to make the goods more marketable. We get up parties, we go to watering-places, we buy dresses, we furnish our houses, to help our girls to a good match. And then we teach them to abhor the awful wickedness of ever confessing the great desire that nature and education have combined to make the chief longing of their hearts. We train them to lie to themselves; to be false with everybody on this subject; "no" when they mean "yes;" to deny an engagement when they are dying to boast of it. It is one of the refinements of Christian civilization which we pray the Women's Missionary Society not to communicate to poor ignorant heathens who know no better than to tell the truth about these things.

But, before I digressed into that line of remark, I was saying that Miss Janet Dunton would have resented the most remote suggestion of marriage. She often declared sentimentally, that she was wedded to her books, and loved her leisure, and was determined to be an old maid. And all the time that Christian girl was dying to confer herself upon some worthy man of congenial tastes; which meant, in her case, just what it did in John Harlow's, some one who could admire her attainments. But, sensitive as he was to any imputation of a desire to marry, he was not conscious of any drawing power in his own personality, and any little thing released him for the time from conversation in the sitting-room, he was giving to slipping out into the old kitchen, where, sitting on a chair that had no back, and leaning against the chimney-side, he delighted to talk to Huldah. She could not talk much of books, but she could talk most charmingly of everything that related to the country life, and she could ask John many questions about the great city. In fact, John found that Huldah had come into possession of such facts and truth as could be reached in her narrow life, but that she had assimilated them, and thought about them, and that was more refreshing to hear her original and piquant remarks about the topics she was acquainted with, than to listen to the tireless stream of Dunton's ostentatious erudition. And he found more delight in telling the earnest and hungry-minded country girl about the great world of men and the great world of books, than in talking to Janet, who was, in the matter of knowledge, a little *blasee*, if I may be allowed the expression. And then to Huldah he could talk of his mother, whom he had often watched moving about that same kitchen. When he had spoken to Janet of the associations of the old place with his mother's countenance, she answered with a quotation from some poet, given in a tone of empty sentimentality. He instinctively shrank from mentioning the subject to her again; but to Huldah it was not so to talk of his mother's gentleness and sweetness. Huldah was not unlike her in these respects, and then she gave him the sort of sympathy that finds its utterance in a tender silence—so much more tender than any speech can be.

He observed often during the week that Huldah was depressed. He could not exactly account for it, until he noticed something in his sister's behavior toward her that awakened his suspicion. As soon as opportunity offered he inquired of Huldah, affecting at the same time to know nothing about it.

"I don't want to complain of your sister to you, Mr. Harlow——"

"Pshaw! call me John, and as for my sister, I know her faults better than you do. Go on, please."

"Well, it's only that she told me that Miss Dunton wasn't used to eating at the same table with *servants*, and when one of the boys told your father, he was mad and came to me, and said, 'Huldah, you must eat when the rest do. If you stay away from the table on account of these city snobs I'll make a fuss on the spot.' So to avoid a fuss I have kept on going to the table.

John was greatly vexed with this. He was a chivalrous fellow, and he knew how much a remark must wound a person who had never learned that domestic service had anything degrading in it. And the result was just the opposite of what his sister had hoped. John paid more attention than ever to Huldah Manners because she was the victim of oppression.

The evening before Thanksgiving Day the ladies were going to make a visit. It was not at all incumbent on John to go, but he was seeking an opportunity to carry off the brilliant Miss Dunton, who would adorn his parlors when he became rich and distinguished, and who would make so nice a head-piece for his table. And so he determined to go with them, trusting to some fortunate chance for his opportunity.

But, sitting in the old "best room," in the dark, while the ladies were getting ready, and trying to devise a way by which he might get an opportunity to speak with Miss Dunton alone, it occurred to him that she was at that time in the sitting-room waiting for his sister. To step out to where she was, and present the case in a few words, would not be difficult and it might be settled before his sister came down-stairs. The Fates were against him, however. For just as he was about to act on his thought, he heard Amanda Holme's abundant dresses sweeping down the stairway. He could not help hearing the conversation that followed.

"You see, Janet, I got up this party to-night to keep John from spending the evening in the kitchen. He hasn't a bit of dignity, and would spend the evening coupling with the children and talking to Huldah if he took it into his head."

"Well" said Janet, "you have overlook everything in your brother's failure. But what a queer way your country servants have of pushing themselves. Wouldn't it make them know their places to make them know their places?"

And all this was said with the kitchen door open; and with the intention of wounding Huldah.

John's castles tumbled. The crudite vile alongside the silver tea-urn faded out of sight rapidly. If knowledge could not give "tone" of manner regard for the feelings of a spoon girl toiling dutifully and self-denyingly to support her family, of what account was it?

Two minutes before he was about to give his life to Janet Dunton. Now there was a gulf wider than the world between them. He slipped out of the best room by the outside door and came in through the kitchen. The neighbor's gable that was to call for them was already at the door, and John begged them to excuse him. He had set his heart on helping Huldah make mince-pies, as he used to help his mother when a boy

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., Dec. 21st, 1870.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, writing from this county, suggests the name of Col. R. B. McCombs of Lawrence county as the Republican candidate for Governor of this State in 1872.

GENERAL PLEASANTON of New York has been nominated by the President for Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in the place of Hon. Columbus Delano promoted to the Interior Department. The appointment is generally regarded as a strong one.

THAT law of Ohio under which a wife and children recently recovered three hundred dollars from a saloon-keeper, as damages for selling whisky to the husband and father, might be incorporated into the statute laws of Pennsylvania, without the least detriment to any moral, social or material interest.

THERE is something too much of this. Admiral Porter's friends are less discreet than himself in urging him into print to prove his amicable relations with President Grant and his friendship for the late Admiral Farragut. The publication of the diary a few days ago and the correspondence now given to the public are errors almost as great as the writing of the notorious confidential letter.—*N. Y Tribune.*

THE Pittsburgh *Commercial* arrayed itself in a new typographical suit on Monday morning. It presents a neat and "newsy" appearance. In referring to its own prosperity it says: "at no time has the patronage of the paper been as large or the business in every respect as satisfactory as at present. It is not only firmly rooted, but constantly increasing—a state of things which we interpret to mean that the public is ever ready to support independent and intelligent journalism.

THE Director of the mint in Philadelphia—ex-Governor Pollock makes—a suggestion in his recent report which will be favorably received by all who read it. He recommends Congress to authorize the issuing of silver coin of the denominations of 10 25 and 50 cents of reduced weight, to take the place of the fractional currency now in use. The day for fractional paper money has gone by. With gold standing at a premium of only 1.10, the difference or loss on a quarter or a half dollar would be felt by no one. By all means let us have the silver.

RUMORS of Cabinet changes come thick and fast just now from Washington city.—One of these has it that Mr. Fish is to go out of the State Department and Gen. Butler is to go in. Another insists that Boutwell is to vacate the Secretaryship of the Treasury, and that Delano is to take his place.—In this latter event, our fellow citizen, Judge Agnew is to become Secretary of the Interior. Whether there is anything at all in these rumors, we do not know, but it is altogether probable they were put afloat by letter writers who could think of nothing else to scribble about.

THE two Senators from Missouri—Schurz & Drake—had a lively debate in the Senate during the past week. The discussion arose on the introduction of a resolution by Senator Schurz granting amnesty to all the late rebels. In advocating the passage of this resolution General Schurz opened up the whole field of Missouri politics, and in doing so took occasion to handle his colleague, Drake, without gloves.—Drake obtained the floor soon after Schurz had finished his speech and replied at considerable length. The general impression is that while Drake had the right side, Schurz beat him in the argument.

THE New York *World* (Dem.) denounces John H. Surratt, in unmeasured terms. It says it is simply infamous for any one, with a full knowledge of all the facts attending his history, to help him to make his filthy living. By paying to hear his lecture on what he knows about the assassination conspiracy, does that much for him. The *World*, no doubt understands, that the favors shown to Surratt, and the respect accorded him now, will be hurtful to its party in the future. It therefore seeks to prevent his "appearance on the stage." Whether the *World's* motives are good or bad, it must be admitted that its words are wise.

JOSEPH B. RAINEY, can lay claim to being the first colored Representative, who ever sat in the Congress of the United States. He was sworn in and took his seat on the 12th inst., as Whittemore's successor, from one of the South Carolina districts. Mr. Rainey took his seat on the Republican side, in the extreme south west corner of the hall. He is a bright mulatto, with straight hair and bushy side whiskers. His first act was to vote for Gen. Butler's San Domingo resolution. Rainey is in his thirty-ninth year, and a native of Georgetown, District of Columbia. His father and mother were slaves, and having purchased their freedom, removed to South Carolina.

SOME of the Philadelphia papers are no little alarmed about a movement, which they allege is on foot, to take the management of the Pennsylvania Railroad out of the hands of the Pennsylvanians, and invest a lot of New York adventurers with its control.—The Philadelphians see trade diverted from their city as a result of this movement, and therefore protest emphatically against New York or New Yorkers having anything to do with the running of the Pennsylvania Central. They allege that a systematic effort has been on foot for a year or two, on the part of certain persons in New York to buy up all the Pennsylvania R. R stock that was offered for sale, and only last week they found a Pennsylvanian who was stupid enough to sell them eight thousand shares of it. Having obtained the requisite amount of shares of stock, it is alleged they will elect such Directors of the Road, as will run it in the interest of New York City, and in open hostility to Philadelphia. We do not attach much importance to these stories. The Officers of the Penna. R. R., have generally proved themselves able to cope with all comers, and we presume they will not suffer themselves to be overreached now.

"INVISIBLE" writes from Harrisburg to the Blair county *Radical*: "An informal caucus of Republicans was held in Philadelphia, last week, and although the proceedings were secret, it has leaked out that Webb is to be Speaker of the House and Strang Chairman of Ways and Means. No definite action was had on the Treasurer question, but it is whispered that Mackey will go off, Huff has lately enlisted in his support some strong help from the M'Junkin element displeased at the Philadelphia caucus. Taggart is losing ground for the regular nomination, but keeps up a bold front. White is being strongly opposed for Senate Speaker, and it is hinted that a strong man will be brought out against him, backed by great corporate influences. I would not be surprised if White is floored."

A BITTER fight has been in process among the Republicans of Missouri, for a year or two past, which resulted in the defeat of the regular Republican ticket at the recent State election. There is a very fair prospect just now of the healing of political troubles in that State. The news reaches us from Washington that members of the House of Representatives, representing both factions have been in consultation recently, and on last Wednesday matters culminated in an interview with the President, at which the whole situation was talked over. The members present were Messrs Van Horn, Burdett, Dyer and Benjamin. The President received them cordially, and the interview was of a very satisfactory character. Both sides came away satisfied that the President would co-operate cheerfully in an effort to reconcile all present differences. There is much good feeling over the present situation among Missouri Republicans, and they feel confident that the relations of the administration to political affairs in their State will now assume such a character as to prove of great advantage in the approaching election of a successor to Mr. Drake.

THE Washington *Reporter* is still anxious to know how the money went in the late political campaign. It says.

"It is stated that the total expenditures, in the campaign of the Republican Congressional Committee, for speakers, documents, traveling expenses, and expenses of every character, were about fifty thousand dollars. We acknowledge our obligation for this information, and hope the Committee will go one step further. Let them itemize or localize their accounts, so that we may be able to ascertain the happy districts in which those stamps were expended. We are very curious to see the account with the Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania."

We "second the motion" and call upon the Treasurer of the committee to give us the items, so far as the Twenty-fourth district, is concerned, at least.

IF the public can believe the Washington telegrams, there is trouble brewing among the Pennsylvania politicians. John Covode, who intends being a candidate for Governor of this State in 1872, is said to have [illegible] be impossible to carry it for the Republican party if Cameron is allowed to control the Federal patronage. He says he has no personal hostility to Cameron, but the sentiment of the State is so much against him that if the impression that he is the organ of the Administration is allowed to prevail, the State will go against the Administration. Covode, who is now the Chairman of the State Central Committee, will not accept the nomination of the Republican party for Governor, (so he says) unless there is a change in the present tactics of the Administration. He does not propose to run and be beaten. After all we suspect that Cameron's *friends* are doing more to injure him just now than he is doing himself.—They are desperate and unscrupulous and every improper step they take is charged to Senator Cameron's account. If he would manage to shake these creatures from him entirely we have no doubt but that he would in a very short time stand much higher in the public estimation. Suppose he tries the experiment.

It is regarded as most probable that F. P. Blair, Jr., will be chosen by the Legislature of Missouri as the successor of C. D. Drake, in the United States Senate. Missouri contains probably no better man for the place. A gentleman of culture, of thoroughly Democratic principles, and superior ability, Mr. Blair would prove one of the ablest Senators that Missouri has had since Mr. Benton. —*Chicago Times.*

It will ever remain a mystery why Drake should get a life time office at the expense of bringing Blair into the Senate. It seems that Drake rather gloried in the prospect of having such a successor, as though the Schurz bolt could be held responsible. The plain duty of Drake was to hold on under such a prospect, and we wish the President had refused to appoint him, notwithstanding the promise to do so. The appointment simply gives effect to the irregularities in Missouri at the recent election.—*Pitts. Commercial.*

—During the thunder storm on the 5th inst., the station of the P. Ft. W. & C. Railway at Massillon, was struck by lightning. Two gentlemen, W. B. Bingham and Luman Brigham, were sitting in the station at the time, and when the loose bricks began tumbling about they rushed out. Scarce a rod from the door Mr. Bingham was struck on the head by the roof which was blown off, and instantly killed. Mr. Brigham was also struck on the head by the roof and severely injured, while a spike passed through his right lung and two or three of his ribs were fractured. His injuries are pronounced fatal. Both gentlemen were prominent citizens.

—From the *Democrat* (Tuscarawas Co) we learn of the terrible effects of the storm on Monday of week before last in New Philadelphia. about half of the roof of the Buckeye Planing Mills was torn off and carried away. The board yard was tumbled up in wild confusion. Mr. A. Raiff and wife were returning to town when the storm came up. An oak tree was blown across their buggy, falling between the dash-board and the seat. After much trouble Mrs. R. extricated herself and hastened to a neighboring house for help, by means of which Mr. Raiff was taken out, but with a broken leg,

—The Tuscarawas *Chronicle* says John Marshall, of Deersville, was not lost on the steamship Cambria, as at first reported. He writes from Leeds, England, that he expects to be at Cadiz in May next.

HERE AND THERE.

—The cheese factories in the neighborhood of Revenna, closed for the season last week.

—A lady, who has resided for several years at Philadelphia, in rather straightened circumstances, was, last week, made happy by the discovery of a diamond breast-pin, worth over $4,000, in a box of old jewels, which had at one time been in the possession of her father. She had it for 10 years without knowing its value.

—Mrs. Nellie Ames, well known as Eleanor Kirk, will lecture in Newark, on Wednesday next, on "why I want to vote." The chief aim of the lecturer is to show that the evil of intemperance can best be checked by the influence of women in politics and by their power as voters.

—Father Hawley, Hartford city missionary, has in the past year cared for 300 families, and distributed $800 worth of coal, $1,100 worth of groceries and $1,100 in cash, beside giving away 7,000 articles of clothing. Many of the families helped are not those who beg or make their wants known, but have been searched out by the missionary and aided.

—The following curious advertisement is in an Arkansas paper; "Whereas, I, Daniel Clay, through misrepresentation, was induced to post my wife Rhoda in the papers, now I beg leave to inform the public that I have again taken her to wife, after settling all our domestic broils in an amicable manner, and that everything as usual goes on like clockwork."

—The Osceola *Sentinel* says that Mrs. Asa Jones, of Hopeville, who ran off with a vagabond employe of her husband, has been heard from. She took with her $240. They went to Indianapolis, Indiana. A few days after Mrs. J. returned to Des Moines, minus her money, having been robbed and deserted by her paramour. She is well nigh crazy, and begs her husband to take her home again, and he is about to do so.

—At Raleigh, North Carolina, on the 3d inst.. Hon. Josiah Turner, editor of the Raleigh *Sentinel*, and ex United States Senator F. L. Clingman had an encounter on the street during which canes were freely used; M. Clingman was very badly injured, having received one very severe blow. Mr. Clingman made the assault. The difficulty originated in the publication in the *Sentinel* of some strictures upon Mr. Clingman.

—The Detroit *Tribune* of Saturday week says: "A well to do resident of our city has permitted himself to be drawn into criminal relations with a woman, who with her husband, was in his employ, and has found himself to be entrapped by a pair of schemers, by whom he has been unmercifully plucked. Some $1,700 have been extracted from him, but finally the man and woman have been arrested, and the whole matter bids fair to gain publicity through our courts."

—Mr. Henry Bush, of Kittanning, killed two hogs, one day last week, one weighing 332 pounds and the other 132. Both hogs were of the same [illegible] and [illegible] the same pounds in the weight excited surprise, when it was recollected that the smaller animal began to fail early in the season. An examination into the cause revealed a ball of hair, eight inches in circumference, and perfectly round, in the stomach of the smaller hog.

—The circus proprietors are almost ready to forswear the South. There is very little money to be made; traveling expenses are high, and each city and town charges as much for a license as it can get, Besides this two or three proprietors have been shot and killed, to say nothing of clowns, drivers and general performers who will return home in the fall with one or two bullets in their bodies.

—Mr. John L. Breese, a wealthy farmer living in the neighborhood of the big Miami, and now arrived at the mature age of seventy-six years, took out a license in the Probate Court at Cincinatti, on Monday, for the purpose of leading to the altar Miss Lydia Ann Dean, a fine looking young lady, aged twenty-five years. The slight difference of fifty-one years between the ages of the bride and bridegroom struck the bystanders as something unusual, but the old gentleman noticing the surprise endeavored to remove any solicitude by remarking that he felt himself as young and as good a subject for matrimony as he did forty years ago.

—The Madisonville (Ky.) *Times* writes all this. "It has been quietly whispered around for several days past that Esquire Samuel Rorer and Miss Cordelia Johnston had eloped and gone to Shawneetown, Ill., for the purpose of uniting their destinies and sure enough they returned on the 7.30 train on Monday last, man and wife. Here is a blending of the two most extreme seasons in one—spring and winter both in one and at the same time. The Esquire somewhere in sixty, and his accomplished bride yet in her teens. We had no idea that our venerable old friend had so much romance in his nature, and she, we presume, concluded that she had rather be an old man's darling than a young one's slave. Sensible conclusion, Miss Cordy, and may you be a dutiful, dear good child to him. We congratulate the two seasons upon their happy blending, and may neither of them ever have cause to regret the step they have taken.

—The editor of the Concord (N. H.) *Patriot* thus speaks of a political opponent, a citizen of that State, whose name, not long since, was familiar in political circles, and whose early efforts in behalf of freedom and equality were energetic and potential: Hon. John P. Hale may be seen on the streets of Dover, any fair day, walking slowly and painfully with the aid of a cane. His whole right side is paralyzed, but not completely. In walking he drags his right foot, the difficulty seeming to be mainly in and below the ankle. In opening a door he is obliged to use his left hand, changing his cane to the right. Intellectually, Mr Hale is vigorous, but thinks he is somewhat impaired in memory. The rotund, rosy man of yore is no more, for Mr Hale is but the ghost of his former self. His hair is well silvered and altogether, no former acquaintance would recognize the man without some clue to his identity other than that presented by his appearance.

PENNSYLVAANIA, SS.

In the Name and by the Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—John W. Geary, Governor of the said Commonwealth—A Proclamation:

WHEREAS, By the third section of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 22nd day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, entitled "an Act to establish a Sinking Fund for the payment of the Public Debt," and by the supplement thereto, approved the tenth day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, it is made the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Auditor General and State Treasurer, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund created by said first recited Act of the General Assembly, to report annually and certify to the Governor, the amount received under the said Act, the amount of interest paid, and the amount of the debt of the Commonwealth redeemed and held by them; whereupon the Governor shall direct the certificates representing the same to be cancelled; and, on such cancellation, issue his proclamation stating the fact, and the extinguishment and final discharge of so much of the principal of said debt:

And Whereas, F. Jordan, J. F. Hartranft and W. W. Irwin, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, in obedience to the requirements of law, report and certify to me that the debt of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania redeemed and held by them from the first day of December, A. D. 1870, amounts to one million six hundred and two thousand three hundred and twenty-one dollars and thirty-one cents, made up as follows, viz:

Five per cent. loan redeemed.....	$1,333,906.31
Six per cent. loan redeemed.....	276,400.00
Relief notes cancelled.	15.00
	$1,609,321.31

Now therefore, as required by the third section of the Act of the General Assembly first above mentioned, I, John W. Geary, Governor as aforesaid, do hereby issue this, my Proclamation, declaring the payment, cancellation, extinguishment and final discharge of One million six hundred and two thousand three hundred and twenty-five dollars and thirty-one cents of the principal debt of this Commonwealth.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg this 10th day of December, A. D. 1870, and of the Commonwealth the 95th year. By the Governor:

JOHN W. GEARY.

F. JORDAN, *Sec'y, of Com'th.*

CAMERON AND FORNEY.

Both Eating Sour Grapes in a Very Troubled Frame of Mind.

A New York *Herald* correspondent has interviewed General Cameron and Colonel Forney, and found them both in an extremely retiring frame of mind, suggestive of sour grapes. Mr. Cameron averred that, so far as he knew, Pennsylvania was not anxious to have a representative in the Cabinet—if she was she probably would make the point. The Republican members and Senators did not demand the appointment of Douglass—if they had done so, he did not entertain a doubt that they would have won. Mr. Cameron says: The substantial German and the Scotch-Irish element of Pennsylvania were too proud to ask any President to recognize the State if he did not see proper to do so. The people of Pennsylvania would be glad to see one of their representative men in the Cabinet; but they were not uneasy about it, and they were not going to beg for it. As for himself, Mr. Cameron said he would under no consideration accept a Cabinet position. He had done so once *against his better judgment*, and would not again—a declaration that will sound curiously to those who are familiar with Cameron's amenableness. But the most entertaining feature of Mr. Cameron's confessions is the declaration which he several times repeated, that he would never again be a candidate for the Senate." Considering that Mr. Cameron said this several times before his last re-election to the Senate, some persons will take it at a discount.

The interviewer remarks that "this sentence Mr. Cameron repeated several times," adding that that "was one thing he had made up his mind to, and he intended to adhere to it." As the people of Pennsylvania will be found supporting Mr. Cameron in this resolution, it is probable he will keep it this time. Cameron said Forney did not want a Cabinet place, his intention being to go to Philadelphia and to attend his paper. This Forney confirmed in the interview the reporter had with him. The Colonel gave the President a sly dig, however; as follows:

"I have heard that the President justifies his inability to obtain a Cabinet Minister from Pennsylvania on the ground that he had offered a place in his ministry to Mr. Borie, George H. Stuart, William Strong and Lindley Smith, and that the three latter had declined the proffer, while the first only held the position for a short time. With entire respect to all these gentlemen, not one of them is a known representative of the Republicans of Pennsylvania. I wish the President would offer a place in his Cabinet to some representative Republican from our State. I asked the Colonel if he considered it important that Pennsylvania should have a representative in the Cabinet to insure the State for the Republicans in the next Presidential election."

Forney confirmed what Cameron had said, that between them everything was lovely, and declared that when he went to Philadelphia he intended to devote himself to uniting the different factions of the Republican party in the State and to support the administration of President Grant.

Revenue from the Large Cities.

The Internal Revenue Bureau furnishes the following exhibit of the receipts from internal revenue for the last fiscal year of some of the principal cities in the country: New York, $19,231,845; Chicago, $8,395,131; Philadelphia, $7,693,094; Boston $6,-180,530; Brooklyn, $4,860,291; Baltimore, $4,607,981; St. Louis, $4,590,339; San Francisco, $3,151,998; New Orleans, $2,759,068; Richmond, $2,379,-180; Buffalo, $2,315,449; Newark, $2,-152,882; Pittsburgh, $2,042,129; Detroit, $2,015,966, making a aggregate for fourteen cities of $73,966,994. The cost of assessing the internal revenue for the fiscal year was $4,118,201.

Women in Revenue Offices.

Apropos of the nomination of Mrs. A. L. Canfield as a deputy collector of internal revenue in Ohio, vice her husband, deceased, the question is raised as to the ability of women to serve in revenue offices. It may be stated in answer that the wife of Assessor Crane, of the Sixth Virginia district, recently came to Washington to arrange the papers necessary to start distilleries in that district, about which there was some trouble in the internal revenue bureau. In the preparation of the necessary documents some mistakes had occurred, requiring patient investigation, as well as satisfactory explanation, before the authority to start the distilleries could be given—Mrs. Crane showed herself an adept in revenue law, arranged everything required with facility, and concluded the object of her visit by procuring the necessary document. The ability displayed by her attracted the attention of experts in the revenue bureau, and she received encomiums from the officials for her proficiency in disposing of the application as well as in arranging the forms required by law.

—On Tuesday morning of week before last, the dwelling of Emory Tribby in Brookfield, Trumbull county, Ohio, with all his goods, was entirely consumed by fire.

WAR NWES.

LONDON, December 17.—The official affirmation emanating from Bordeaux and saying that the neutral powers are stirring to facilitate the admission of France to the conference, and that some of the powers propose an armistice, including the revictualling of Paris, is absolutely false according to the highest authorities. On the other hand, the statements before telegraphed respecting the steps taken by the French Government towards an armistice are entirely accurate. Prussia proposes no conditions concerning the presence of the French representative at the conference.

A dispatch from Versailles to-day gives a new explanation of the delay in opening the bombardment of Paris by the Prussians. "There is a lack of ammunition in the German army and the roads are so wet and heavy that none can be brought forward at present. The same cause has prevented the movement of the heavy siege guns. It is probable fire will not be opened for a fortnight yet.

VERSAILLES, December 17.—The Germans, after a slight skirmish, occupied Beaumont, a few miles west of Evereren, on the 11th.

LONDON, December 17.—The French garrison at Belfort still makes a gallant defense. The neighboring hights have all been captured by the Germans, but not without suffering considerable loss, The French loss in these preliminary engagements was comparatively light. The German position has greatly improved lately.

LONDON, December 16.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Berlin, under date of December 14th, says that Paris is without gas and that there are detachments of troops outside the fortifications to stop deserters.

Bismark has probably been created a Duke.

With the fall of Montmedy, sixty-five cannon and three thousand prisoners fell into the hands of the besiegers, and two hundred and thirty-six German prisoners were released.

A balloon with two passengers and two hundred pounds of letters descended on the 15th inst. at Horbon, in Nassau.

The French Government urges Austria to demand the restoration of three thousand Austrian railway cars, seized and held by the Prussians.

MISSOURI UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The Probabilities of Falling the Vacancy Created by Drake's Resignation.

The nomination of Senator Drake as Chief Justice of the Court of Claims makes at once a vacancy in the Senate from Missouri. The Republicans have a majority on joint ballot in the State Legislature, and if the Gratz Brown and McClurg factions unite they can elect a Republican. Senator Drake thinks that the Brown men are under obligations to give the Democrats the Senator out of gratitude for the aid the Democrats gave in electing Brown, and that General Frank Blair will be chosen. The Brown men here say, however, no such programme is contemplated; that they are now the Republican party of Missouri, and have no intention of voting for a Democrat. If the McClurg men are disposed to forget past differences, there will be, they say, no trouble in electing a Republican Senator in place of Senator Drake. The Hon. Ben. Loan, the Hon. J. F. Asper and the Hon. J. F. Benjamin are mentioned as candidates, the Democratic candidates besides Gen. Blair, are the Hon. J. S. Phelps, formerly a member of the House, and ex-Governor Hirth. The Democrats here say that Phelps has the best chance, and are confident that enough votes can be secured from the Brown party to

EXCITING SCENES IN THE U.S. SENATE.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, of the 13th inst thus details a scene that occurred in the Senate on that day:

The Senate, to-dy, was the scene of one of the most exciting and eloquent debates to wich the galleries have been treated for a long time. Mr. McCreery of Kentucky rose in his place, and asked leave to introduce his resolution appoint a Committee to inquire to the ownership of Arlington High and to consider the expediency of moving the remains of the Un dead interred there, and the restitution of the property to Mrs. Lee Objections were made, and the debate arose on allowing the resolution to be introduced. Hardly had Mr. Creery uttered a dozen words before the news was known throughout the lobbies, and the galleries were filled with a throng of interested spectors. Senators who were bending over their desks engaged in writing it down their pens and all listd with astonishment to the speecney heard. An eloquent eulogy upon the character of Gen. Lee was pronced on the floor of the United States Senate. When Mr. McCreery's wone, the whole Senate seemed rady rise to its feet in protest, not such against the restoration of prty to Mrs. Lee as against the desecration of the graves of the Union dead one after another, the leading Dlican Senators took the floor, addignantly opposed the introdu of the resolutions as an insult to country, and an insult to the mry of the patriotic dead. Sem Edmunds and Morton, Patterson Scott, and Sumner and Nye inspired by the sacred mem of the past, threw back in his the words of the unlucky auth the resolution, and before they done he wished to withdraw the r. Mr. Sumner's speech was ded to be the most eloquent of y, and his description of Mr. S, as he gave the order for the of the patriot dead at Arlington his announcement that he mebury the dead there as a permanard over the ground, so that mber of the family of Lee shor come upon it, was grand. mmer closed with the wordshed over the tomb of Shakes "Curst be he that moves my land said that he would write irds, that had kept the dust of peare sacred, over the graves atriotic dead at Arlington. sbury alone stood by Mr. Mon the floor, and even he wo think of removing the Unl. The majority of the De it should be said to their cre as indignant as any thationor should be brought upparty, though none of them mches against it. When the l taken, but four Senators—Creery, Mr. Fowler, and the yland Senators—recorded es as in favor of allowing roduction of the resolution.

—A machine shoe shop is to be started in Pa.

—The new sarks in Omaha will be coin about en month. Thereive furnace stacks, the lenfty-five feet high, the seconve feet and the balance of for reducing naked ore to pu

—There has it the Ohio Secretary of St Columbus, the certificate ion for the increase of cap the "Alliance Rolling $350,000 to $440,000. The ire a majority of the Dire

—The Atheive an account of the ue of a dog which was chon George Tippey's farm inty, a few days since. id a strap round his neck tacking a ram this strap tangled in his horns, and was found next morning the ram's horn, dead as

—The Chilicothe, Ohio, Rolling Mill Company has just filed at Columbus its certificate of incorporation. The capital stock is $650,000, divided into shares of $50 each. The company is located at Chilicothe, Ohio, and the corporators are James Boulger, L. J. Delano, Isaiah Lord, Wm. Poland, Edwin P. Safford, and Amos Smith.

New Advertisements.

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.

Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR $50.

Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a $50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, $2 A YEAR,

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.

A preeminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 65 cents a month, or $6 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed..... Four Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club)..... Eight Dollars.

Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club)..... Fifteen Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club)..... Thirty-three Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club)..... Thirty-five Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, to be addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club)..... Fifty Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club)..... Sixty Dollars.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed..... Eight Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to getter up of club)..... Sixteen Dollars.

SEND YOUR MONEY

in Post Office orders, checks, drafts, or bank bills on New York, wherever convenient. If convenient, register the letters containing money.

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher Sun office, New York City.

dec21tf

NEW - GOODS

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO'S

French Merinos

Wool Plaids

Poplin Plaids.

Black Waterproofs.

Brown Waterproofs.

Corded Poplins.

Silk and Wool Poplins.

Irish Poplins.

Plain Mixed Goods,

Grey Poplins.

AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S,

178 Federal St., Allegheny.

Sep28,tc

BUYERS, LOOK HERE!

The undersigned, thankful for past favors would respectfully inform the public that he has one of the finest selections of

WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

Etc., Etc.,

on hand to be found in the county. His assortment of

School, Miscellaneous and Religious

BOOKS

is complete; while no pains are spared on his part to make the

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

equal to the best of City Establishments. He is the exclusive agent for the celebrated

Foley's Gold Pen,

for this county. Those seeking a good Gold Pen, would do well to see them before purchasing.

He is the Agent for this county for Krider's Photograph Marriage Certificate. The attention of Clergymen is respectfully called to this, as he can sell them at the same discount as they would get from the Publisher. Atlantic's School Government for sale at Publisher's prices.

Also on hand, Toys and Variety Goods, suitable for all seasons.

Jan1, 1870tf J. F. PRICE, Broadway, New Brighton.

FALL OPENING.

New Goods!

New Prices!

I Have Received A New Stock of

MILLINERY - GOODS;

Comprising an unusually Large and Select Assortment of

HATS,

FLOWERS,

VELVETS,

FEATHERS,

SATINS,

SILKS,

LACES,

FRAMES,

Plain & Fancy Ribbons, &c., &c.

In order to make this notice as attractive as possible, we shall exhibit a large number of Eastern trimmed

PATTERN HATS,

Together with many Desirable

NOVELTIES.

Hats and Bonnets Trimmed to Order.

Soliciting a call, I am,

Respectfully yours,

I. HANAUER.

Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. sp28;tf

—The iron ore mine recently discovered in Lanesborough, Mass., has been leased for twenty-five years by experienced miners. The Colby ore bed, in the same town, is producing ten tons or more of iron a day.

—The two furnaces of the Grove Bros., at Deanville, Pa., are producing about thirty-six tons of iron per day. They use ten or twelve different varieties of ore, all of which, as well as the coal, are mined by the firm.

Dry Goods.

Reduced Prices!

Speyerer & Sons

Have just Returned from the East

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Bought at the

Lowest Cash Prices,

And will sell some Goods

AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR!

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rope, Oenm, Packing Yarn, Iron, Nails, Paints, White Lead, Oil, Putty, Queensware, Willow-ware, Flour, Feed, Grain and Bacon, a variety of Prints, Muslins, Tickings, Delains, Checks, Alpacas, Jeans, Dimms, Crash and Hosiery; also, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Carbon Oil, 200 *bbls. of the Celebrated Canton City*

AND NEW CREEK FLOUR,

Just arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail,

At Pittsburg Prices.

200 Kegs Wheeling Nails:

ONE CAR WHITE LIME;

Land Plaster, and Akron Cement;

A Large Stock of

White Lead and Paints.

A very superior quality of Strumz & Wetzel's Scraps; and a lot of Carbon Oil

Just Arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail.

ALSO, PURE CATAWBA, ISABELLA

—and—

Concord Wines,

Of our own vintage, for Medicinal and Sacramental Purposes, are highly Recommended by those who have used them.

They are also Agents for the

KNIFFEN MOWER AND REAPER,

And Pitt. Nat. Plow Co's. Plows.

Thanking the Public for their past patronage, we hope to merit a liberal share in the future.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge,

as all our old goods were sold at auction.

SPEYERER & SONS,

apr13:tc

Forty-First Year.

Godey's Lady's Book!

FOR 1871.

The Cheapest of Ladies' Magazines, because it is the best.

It has away s been the care of the publisher to combine in its pages whatever is useful, whatever is elevating, whatever is pure, dignified and virtuous in sentiment, with whatever may afford rational and innocent amusement. For its Literary Department, in past years, THE BEST WRITERS in the literary world have contributed, and will continue to furnish articles for the year 1871. Such names as

Marion Harland, Ino Churchill,

Louise S. Dorr, Metta Victoria Victor,

S. Annie Frost, Mrs. Dennisch,

Mrs. C. A. Hopkins, and others,

Cannot be found on the Prospectus of any other Magazine.

BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATES.

Of these the Lady's Book contains fourteen each year, superior, (we challenge comparison) to any published in this country, either in book or periodical.

OUR COLORED FASHION-PLATES

Have a reputation for correctness the world over.

EMBROIDERY PATTERNS.—We give frequently a presentation sheet to our patrons containing twenty, thirty and sometimes forty designs in embroidery.

ORIGINAL MUSIC.—Godey's is the only magazine in which music prepared expressly for it appears.

MODEL COTTAGES.—The only magazine in this country that gives these designs is the Lady's Book.

DRAWING LESSONS.—In this we are also alone.

We have also a CHILDRENS, HORTICULTURAL and a HEALTH department.

GODEY'S INVALUABLE RECEIPTS

upon every subject, for the Boudoir, Nursery, Kitchen, House and Laundry.

TINTED ENGRAVINGS.—This is a series of engravings that no one has attempted but ourselves. They give great satisfaction.

LADIES FANCY WORK DEPARTMENT.—Some of the designs in this department are printed in colors, in a style unequalled.

Terms for 1871.

One copy, one year,	$3 00
Two copies one year,	5 00
Three copies one year,	7 50
Four copies one year,	10 00
Five copies one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies,	14 00
Eight copies one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies	21 00
Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making twelve copies,	27 50

Godey's Lady's Book and Harper's magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $5 50.

Godey's Lady's Book and Arthur's Home Magazine will be sent one year on receipt of $4 00.

Godey's Lady's Book and The Children's Hour will be sent one year on the receipt of $3.50.

Godey's Lady's Book, Arthur's Home Magazine and Children's Hour will be sent one year on receipt of five dollars.

☞ The money must all be sent at one time for any of the clubs, and additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

HOW TO REMIT.—In remitting by Mail, a Post Office Order on Philadelphia, or a Draft on Philadelphia or New York, payable to the order of L. A. Godey, is preferable to bank notes. If a draft or a post-office order cannot be procured, send United States or National Bank notes. Address

L. A. GODEY,

N. E. Cor. Sixth & Chestnut sts., Phila.

Dry Goods.

BARGAINS

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S

At 75 Cents, One case of

Very Fine Merinos.

AT ONE DOLLAR

Extra Good Waterproof.

AT 37½ CENTS

Extra Good Table Linen.

Bargains in Many New Dress Goods

CALL AND SEE THEM.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.'S,

No. 178 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

jun1:1y—jy29;jy20—27, sp28

WANTED—Agents For

PHYSICAL LIFE OF MAN AND WOMAN.

OR ADVICE TO BOTH SEXES—a highly moral and chaste work, being a compendium of the laws whose observance brings health and happiness, and whose infraction, disease and misery. It contains a plain, decorous and thoroughly scientific treatise from the latest English, French and German works, covering a difficult yet all important field of advice to Maiden, Wife, Mother, Husband and Son; principles of purity, moral and physical, elements of individual, social and sanitat welfare, and is couched in language that cannot offend the most fastidious delicacy. It will find its way into and prove a blessing to many a household. Agents wanted everywhere. For full description, with table of contents, address—

PARMLEE & CO., 181 Race st., Cincinnati, O. dec14:6w

The Best Paper,

AND THE

Best Inducements!

This Quarter's 13 Numbers SENT FREE to all subscribing, before December 25, 1870, for next year's Fifty-Two Numbers of

MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER,

THE GREAT ILLUSTRATED

RURAL AND FAMILY WEEKLY,

FOR TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The Rural, now in its 21st year, is not only the *Largest, Best and Cheapest*, but by far the *Largest Circulating Journal of its class, in the World.* National in Character, Ably Edited, Superbly Illustrated and Printed, it is the

BEST AMERICAN WEEKLY!

It is the STANDARD AUTHORITY on all branches of *Agriculture, Horticulture, &c.* As a *Literary and Family Paper* it is a favorite in many of the best families all over the Union, Canada, &c. Indeed, MOORE'S RURAL *has a Rival in its sphere*, and is the *Largest Illustrated Journal* on the Continent—each number containing *Sixteen Five-Column Pages*, (double the size of most papers of its class), it is *the* paper for the East, West, North and South.

Terms, Inducements, &c:

TERMS—$3 a Year of 52 Numbers, and only $2.50 in Clubs of Ten This Quarter's 13 Numbers sent FREE, as offered above. Our Club Inducements for 1871 are unprecedented. Specimens, Premium Lists, &c., sent free to all forming Clubs.—and we want a live Club Agent in every Town. Address D. D. T. MOORE, 41 Park Row, New York dec7:tw

The New York Methodist,

Eight Large Weekly

Serial Story for the Family, a new Children's Story every week, Chats with the Little Folks, Editorials by the best Methodist writers and others,

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., Dec. 21, 1870.

Circulation Over Twelve Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 square—10 lines,	$3 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	21 00
¼ column,.....	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column,.....	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	40 00
1 column,.....	20 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00
special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

GEO. P. ROWELL, 40 Park Row, N. York, AND
S. M. PETTENGILL & Co, 37 Park Row, New York, are the *sole* agents for THE BEAVER ARGUS in that city, and are authorised to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending December 17, 1870.

		7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Dec.	11	35 deg.	37 deg.	36 deg.
"	12	39 deg.	40 deg.	40 deg.
"	13	39 deg.	40 deg.	37 deg.
"	14	36 deg.	37 deg.	34 deg.
"	15	33 deg.	34 deg.	32 deg.
"	16	31 deg.	32 deg.	31 deg.
"	17	28 deg.	29 deg.	30 deg.

H. T. TAYLOR.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Morning Accom'n 9.17; Evening Express, 5.47; Mail, 2.47 p. m.; Local Freight (carries passengers) 3.21 p. m.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.43 a. m.; Local Freight (carrying passengers) 9.40 a. m.; Express, 4.31 p. m.; Accommodation, 5.47 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. W. & C. R. R.—Trains going East leave Rochester Station (at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 6.03 a.m.; Enon accom. 7.10 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.30 a. m.; B. Falls accom. 12.10 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at end of bridge) as follows: B. F. accom. 10 a. m.; Enon accom. 3.12 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m.; B. F. accom. 7.37 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: B. F. accom. 6.05 a. m.; Enon accom. 7.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.40 a. m.; Chicago exp. 10.52 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 12.15 p. m.; Chicago Mail 2.05 p. m; Erie exp. 4 10 p. m; Chicago exp. 6.09 p. m; New Castle mail 9.55 p. m.

Trains going West, leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 8.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 9.55 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 9.35 a. m.; Chicago exp. 11.30 a. m.; Chicago exp. 3.55 p. m; New Castle accom. 4.30 p. m.; Erie exp. 5.44 p. m; Beaver Falls accom. 7.35.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Guardian's Sale—J. R. Slentz.
Buyers Look Here—A. S. Harvey.
Prospectus—N. Y. Sun.
Prospectus—The Nursery.
Holiday Greeting—E. P. Roberts.
Special Notices—C. B. Hurst.
Special Notice—Drs. Oldshue.
Special Notice—Dr. Keyser.
Special Notice—Winter & Bedison.
Special Notice—Schiff & Steinfield.
Special Notice—Hugo Andriessen.
Special Notice—Dr. McLean.
Card—G. S. Barker & Co.
Special Notices—S & J. Snellenburg.
Special Notice—Blue Front.

No Paper Next Week.—There will be no paper issued from this office next week. Our printers claim the same right to adjourn over for the holidays as Congressmen exercise, and custom sanctions their action. We wish they—as well as the patrons of the ARGUS—may be filled with fat things during the approaching season of festivity.

☞ Slipper paterns, Noubia Hoods, Scarfs and Cravats, at Mrs. Beacom's.

HUSBANDS, present your wives with a Life and Accident Insurance Policy. To be had at Chas. B. Hurst's, Rochester, Pa.

ORANGES, Lemons, Raisins, Currants, Cranberries, groceries, fresh and cheap at the Blue Front Grocery.

In answer to an arithmetical question published in the last ARGUS Capt. D. M. DONOHOO, states that the Cadi gave to the one having five loaves 7 pieces of the money, and to the one having three loaves 1 piece of the money.

To procure a Life and Accident Policy requires no medical examination.

Sapolio, Sapolio, Sapolio!—No housekeeper should be without it. The genuine article at the Blue Front

SPRING WAGON CHEAP.—Any person wanting a nice light covered three sprained wagon very cheap, can purchase one at the Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine office, Beaver, Penn'a. S. J. Anderson. nov30;tf

☞ A full assortment of every quality of hose, at Mrs. Beacom's.

☞ Blank Warrants to Collectors of School Tax neatly printed, and for sale at this office.

A LIFE and Accident Policy *only costs* from $3 to $50 *a year*, securing from $5 to $50 a week in case of bodily injury, and from $1,000 to $10,000—in case of death—Chas. B. Hurst, Rochester, Pa.

Large Hogs.—Mr. Daniel Fisher of Bridgewater, this county, killed a hog, eleven months old a few days ago, which dressed 383 pounds; he killed another at the same time, ten months old, which weighed, dressed, 310 pounds.

Velveteens, Skirts, and Double and Single Shawls, at Mrs. Beacom's.

A LIFE and Accident Policy only costs from $3 to $50 *a year*. Buy one for a Christmas present for relative or friend. Chas. B. Hurst, Rochester Pa.

TOYS, Toys, Toys! at the Blue Front Grocery, Main street, Beaver.

☞ A nice selection of Fancy articles, suitable for Holiday presents, embracing Lace, Linen and Embroidered Collars and Cuffs, at Mrs. E. H. Beacom's.

☞ Blank Orders on Treasurer of School Districts, just printed and for sale at this office

St. Joseph's Fair.—The Fair at Concert Hall, New Brighton, will open on the evening of the 22nd inst., and continue three weeks. The ladies are making every exertion to have the Fair attractive, in the display of excellent and useful articles. Let there be a large crowd and liberal hearts in aid of a good work.

WHAT better to secure your Friend, Wife or Relative, from want—in case of the death of those on whom they depend—than a Life and Accident Insurance Policy? Buy one from Chas. B. Hurst.

CHICKENS.—Take them to J. H. Bence's store, Quay's building, Beaver, for exchange for cheap Dry Goods, Millinery Goods, Furs, Trimmings, &c. dec7;1w.

☞ Notice special.—Gents who are not in the habit of getting fits go to S. & J. Snellenburg's, Broadway, New Brighton, and we assure you, you will have no reason to complain of bad appearance and wrinkles in your clothing.

REYMER'S strictly pure candies, fresh and cheap, at F. D. Fast's, Main street, Beaver.

A SPLENDID assortment of choice Perfumeries, Colognes, Toilet Soaps, Imported Toilet Sets, Hair, Nail and Tooth Brushes, and numerous Toilet Articles, suitable for Holiday presents, at Hugo Andriessen's, Beaver Drug Store.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the old firm of G. C. Speyerer, will please call at the store of Speyerer & Sons and settle, on or before 1st of January, 1871. All accounts unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection. dec14;3t.

☞ The secret of good looks—neat fitting clothing, polished boots and clean shirt. S. & J. Snellenburg, Tailors; Broadway, make neat fitting clothing, and keep on hand clean shirts. Go there and become good looking.

BEAVER LADIES' SEMINARY.

The next term of this Institution will open on the 3d of January 1871, and continue as usual, with all its teachers. This Seminary having met with a low, dishonorable opposition *for years past*, it is not surprising that a report should be circulated that it is to be discontinued. Its enemies ought by this time to have learned that they have not the power to discontinue it. But when this report is exploded they will set afloat something else.

We claim to stand on our merit, knowing, as we do, that our whole corps of teachers stands first here in *scholarship, experience, and skill in teaching.* We use open and honorable means to sustain the Institution, and rely neither on *sectarian bigotry* nor the *gossip* of the ignorant but self-conceited, and we ask an honorable support from our patrons and friends.

Prof. de Ham is in charge of the Department of Music. He has no equal in the county—and the best teachers would profit by becoming his pupils. Ladies who cannot become regular pupils in the school will be received as pupils in music. The chance of studying with such a teacher as Prof. de Ham is a rare one, and I have secured it for the pupils of this Seminary at a heavy expense.

Lectures and experiments in Chemistry will accompany the recitations of the class, so that those beginning the study will be able to advance with those reviewing.

A number of new pupils have already enrolled their names for next term, but we hope for many more. Will our friends aid us in *filling* the building?

D. H. A. M'LEAN, *Prin.*

December, 19, 1870.

HOMINY, Peas, Beans, Fresh Prunes, Currants, Cranberries, Mince Meat, Cheese, at the Blue Front Grocery Store.

FRESH Confectionaries for the Holidays, warranted pure! We do not sell adulterated Candies, made for the wholesale trade, but manufacture the celebrated "Beaver Candies" ourselves, this is the secret of their success, Beaver Drug Store.

A Beaver County Boy Elected.—The numerous friends of Mr. H. R. Whitehill formerly of this county, now residing in Nevada, will be pleased to learn, that at the recent election in that State he was elected State Mineralogist on the Republican ticket. He was the only Republican who succeeded in pulling through, his majority reaching but seventy-one.

A LIFE and Accident Policy secures from $5 to $50 per week to the holder thereof, in case of personal injury, during the time they are unable to attend to their business, and, in case of his death, from $1,000 to $10,000 to those dependent on him. What more desirable for a holiday present to your relative or friend? Get one from Chas. B. Hurst, Insurance Agent, Rochester, Pa.

A Milwaukee Widow, on being cautioned by her minister about flirting, said that she knew it was wrong for unmarried ladies to flirt, but the Bible was her authority. It said "widow's mite." She was flirting awfully at last accounts, her pastor acknowledging that "widow's mite."

SECURE yourself a weekly indemnity in case of a *sprained ankle*, broken leg or arm, or other bodily injury. It only costs from $3 to $50 a year. Charles B. Hurst, Rochester, Pa.

☞ An enterprising man.—A man in Boston who, a year ago, had but one suit to his name, went into the newspaper business and now has eight, seven are for libel. Another man of our acquaintance has done a wiser act, viz: Gone to S. & J. Snellenburg, clothiers, Broadway, New Brighton, and bought coat, pants, vest, overcoat, hat, shirt, drawers, collars and socks, for $27.50. How's that for low?

Mr. Thomas J. Morgan, the foreman of the Beaver Valley *Herald* office, was suddenly seized with hemorrhage of the lungs on last Friday morning. "So great was the ejection of blood that he was speedily rendered helpless." He is much better now, and no doubts are entertained of his final recovery.

THE *best* Holiday present is a Life and Accident Insurance Policy, to be had of Chas. B. Hurst, Rochester, Pa.

COME to the Blue Front for your Christmas Gifts.

Rev. P. Coomb, Corresponding Secretary of the Pennsylvania Temperance Union will preach in Rochester M. E. Church, Sabbath morning, December 25th, at 10½ a. m., and at the Presbyterian Church in Bridgewater at night of the same day. Mr. Coombe will discuss the license question in an original and highly interesting manner. Do not fail to hear him.

THE weather, the past week has been fine, in fact it has all the appearance of Indian Summer, you should look neat as you promenade the street, this beautiful weather; go to S. & J. Snellenburg's Merchant Tailors, and get them to clothe you in style, Broadway, New Brighton.

An exchange says: "Sunday being a balmy day, the styles were brought out. The most richly dressed lady we saw, is the wife of a man who owed this office thirteen dollars for nearly three years. He says he cannot raise the money, and we believe him.

New Banking Houses.—The attention of the business community is directed to the card of G. S. Barker & Co., in this issue of the ARGUS. They have opened banking houses in New Brighton and Beaver Falls. The people of this community will endorse the sentiment that they are honest, capable, intelligent, enterprising and substantial gentlemen; and we doubt not their bank will accommodate a business want as well as prove lucrative. Success attend you, gentlemen.

BUSINESS men present your employees with a Life and Accident Insurance Policy, on Christmas or New Years morning. What could be more desirable? Purchase it of Chas. B. Hurst, Rochester Pa.

"THE PRESENT QUESTION" with many of our readers now is, where shall I buy my Holiday Presents. Were we solving the question, without the least hesitancy we would say: When you go to the city, call at Roberts' Grand Jewelry House on Fifth Avenue, and see what an elegant display of Holiday Goods he has. The stock is immense and equal in grandeur to any west of the mountains. Free exhibition from 8 a. m., to 10 p. m.

Maj. Hays, of the Beaver Valley *Herald* was in Beaver on last Monday morning. He prints a good local paper, and we trust he will be liberally patronized.

DRS. L. & T. L. OLDSHUE, 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., have an immense run of patients from all parts of the country.

They cure the worst cases known, and promise relief in every case where a reasonable hope can be entertained.

Send a vial of morning urine by *Express*, with name, *age*, and Post-office address of the patient, and have the analysis made, and the necessary medicines sent.

"MERRY Christmas" is almost here, and the little people will be on the lookout for St. Nick. It may interest the elderly people to know that the old chap can get a fine supply of the necessary articles with which to fill his pack very cheap at F. D. Fast's, Blue Front Grocery.

Who is the County Can Beat This.—

Our fellow townsman, John Caughey, esq., killed two hogs of his own raising on last Monday, whose aggregate weight reached 1010 pounds. The larger one of the two weighed 576 pounds and the other 434. They were precisely 15 months old, and were of the Chester White stock. These are the largest hogs we have reported this season, and if their weight can be beaten in the county, we would like to have the privilege of recording the fact.

The Ladies of Beaver and vicinity are directed to the fancy dress goods establishment of Mrs. E. H. Beacom, McKinley's Block, opposite Quay's Building. She has a great variety suited to the season; and, withal, an agreeable lady to deal with. Give her a call. You may go a great ways further and not be so well suited.

WHAT it costs to clothe a gent in the latest style for 1871:

One fine dress coat - - -	$18.00
" Business coat - - -	8.00
" Fine pair pants - - -	12.00
" Fair business pants - -	5.00
" Fine vest - - -	5.00
" Business vest - - -	2.00
Fine shirts and Under clothing	12.00
Collars, Studs, Socks, hdk'f. and sleeve buttons, pearl - -	4.00
Total - - -	$64.50

S. & J. Snellenburg, Broadway, New Brighton.

Temperance Sermons.—Two temperance sermons were preached in the M. E. Church of Beaver, on last Sabbath—one at 11 a. m., and the other at 6 p. m.—by Rev. Mr. Comb, who is lecturing under the auspices of the State Temperance Organization. The same gentleman also lectured in the Court-House on Monday evening.

Seriously Injured.—Mr. Amos Kelly, who resides a short distance below Smith's Ferry, was very seriously, though it is believed not fatally injured, while at work on Island Run, last Wednesday. He fell a distance of sixteen feet, striking a beam. This is the second mishap occuring to Mr. K., while working about the oil wells. Last fourth of July a year ago; he narrowly escaped death from burning, by the explosion at Dawson's oil well, near Smith's Ferry.

Two hundred over coats still left at S. & J. Snellenburg's; which we offer at a great reduction; secure one for the cold winds of January; Broadway, New Brighton,

WHETHER the Prussians commenced bombarding Paris on last Monday, makes no difference at all to the buyers of Holiday Goods in New Brighton and vicinity; but they are deeply interested in knowing where these articles can be had the cheapest. That place is undoubtedly at Winter & Bedison's, New Brighton. At their store you can purchase a silver-plated castor at from $1.50 up to almost any price. Other articles in their line in the same proportion—give them a call.

Wash Gordon, well, and not favorably known in this county, has been kicking up some trouble in New Castle lately. The *Journal* of that place gives this version of it:

On Saturday last Dr. Barker was called to dress a wound, on the head of Jerry Kuntz; inflicted with a glass tumbler in the hands of Wash Gordon. Gordon had a hearing before Alderman Van Horn on Monday last, and after having a hearing was bound over for trial at the next term of court, and on being accompanied by the constable in search of bail, suddenly found it in the shape of *leg bail*, evading the pursuit of the constable. Exit Gordon.

Hem stitched Handkerchiefs, all linen, only 15 cents, at Mrs. Beacom's.

A case of suspected foul play is just now engaging the attention of the citizens of Kittanning. A few days since a pedlar named Freeman was in the town disposing of silver polish." The last seen of him was by a barkeeper of a tavern, who refused to give him whiskey because he was then intoxicated. He disappeared mysteriously. Thursday evening a person passing over a bridge, a short distance from the town, found a basket containing several articles which were known to have belonged to the missing pedlar. Lying not far from the basket were two Pittsburgh papers bespattered with blood; while on the soft earth by the river bank were footmarks, with blood adjacent. The suspicions of the parties who discovered these indications of violence were aroused, and, as it is stated, they informed the authorities, who, as is further stated, dragged the river with the expectation of finding a body. In this they were disappointed. So the case at present rests.

THE new family and manufacturing Singer Sewing Machine, with attachments for all kinds of work, is fast winning favor in the households as well as the workshops, as is shown by the rapidly increasing sales. The new family machine is capable of a range and variety of work, such as was once tho't impossible to perform by machinery. I claim, and can show that it is the cheapest, most nicely adjusted, easily operated and smothly running of all family sewing machines. The new manufacturing machine has the four motion or drop feed, runs very light and quick, and is a marvel of simplicity and perfection. It can be made to do the finest family sewing, by simply changing thread and needle. Please call and inspect the *Singer Machine*, before you purchase any other make. Schiff & Steinfeld, New Brighton, Agents for Beaver county.

Pathetic.—The New Castle *Gazette & Democrat*, cries "come home" in the following heart-rending manner:

"Come home! Come home!"—We have out from home—roaming about—lying loosely around—many dear dollars that we affectionately invite to come home. Come home, delay not an hour. We are sorely, hard pressed—we are dunned nigh to death—a warm welcome awaits you at home. Come single, come double, come thick, in gangs or in troops, stand not on the order of coming. We'll take you in kindly, smile on you benignly, and let you slide quickly to gladden the hearts of creditors clamorous. Dear dollars, come home.

Seminary Entertainment.—The pupils connected with the Beaver Seminary and Institute, gave a public entertainment in the lecture room of the M. E. Church of Beaver on last Thursday evening. The exercises consisted of vocal and instrumental music, declamations and essays. The music was listened to with rapt attention, while the declamations and essays would have elicited no little applause if such marks of approbation had been allowed—especially is this true of the essays read by Miss Emma J. Roberts of Beaver and Miss Linne Richardson of Tidioute.—The compositions prepared by these young ladies, were well written, and admirably read. A very fair audience attended the entertainment and all seemed much pleased with the evening's performances.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1871.—The first edition one of hundred and fifty thousand copies of Vick's illustrated catalogue of seeds and floral guide, is published and ready to send out—100 pages, and an engraving of almost every desirable flower and vegetable. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, illustrated with three hundred fine wood engravings, and two beautiful colored plates. The most beautiful and the most instructive Floral Guide published. A German edition published, in all other respects similar to the English.

Sent free to all my customer of 1870, as rapidly as possible, without application. Sent to all others who order them for ten cents, which is not half the cost. Address, JAMES VICK,
Rochester, N. Y.

We have received the above work for 1871, and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best publication of the kind we have ever seen.

The Soldiers' Entertainment.—

At an informal meeting held on last Monday evening, by a number of the ex-soldiers of Beaver and vicinity, it was thought advisable to postpone the proposed entertainment until the 3d week in January, as it was ascertained that everything could not be got in readiness before that time. On this (Wednesday evening) a meeting will be held in the room over Mr. Thos. Allison's store, at which time the programme for the entertainment will be read, and assignments made. All the ex-soldiers in the neighborhood are cordially invited to be present on this evening.

BY ORDER.

About "Fairs."—We clip from an exchange the following, which bears republication:

Long ago was the age of iron, then came the age of brass, and again shone bright and yellow the age of gold. Modern journalists and philosophers (synonyms) have been of varied opinions as to the age in which we live. Some have denominated it the age of humbug, others the age of corruption, again others the age of woman (those who call the latter admit that the grounds upon which they base their theory are rather ambiguous and "uncertain"), but they all are mistaken; it is the age of fairs. Fairs in New York, fairs in Boston, fairs in Chicago, fairs in Pittsburgh, and fairs every other where. Charity fairs, fireman's fairs, Baptist, Methodist, Congregational fairs, at which they gamble and at which they do not gamble. Well, fairs, if their aim is some worthy charitable object are undoubtedly good institutions and should be patronized. It is only of their management that any one can complain. When a church community raffles off (in a peculiar way) a piano, rich chair or dressing gown, in a church filled with youth, beauty and refinement, and lighted by brilliant chandeliers, besides the light of the nineteenth century, how many shades of distinction is there between them and Bill Stubbins, when he raffles off his turkey over a greasy counter in a "back-room," lighted by a yellow tallow-dip? When fair managers sell you a half-dozen oysters poorly cooked for seventy-five cents, why should they not be denominated extortionists equally with the restaurateur who imposes on you?

A Real King at Hard Labor only a few Miles from Beaver.—The New Lisbon *Journal* treats its readers this week to a three-column history of a "A Real Live King working on the new Court House in New Lisbon." The name of this Royal Highness is James H. Smith. He was born in New Castle, Pa., and being early left an orphan, ran away and went to sea. After numerous adventures and wanderings, he found himself on one of the Marquesas Islands, where a wite man named Butcher, having great influence with the natives, took him in charge. At Butcher's death Smith fell heir to his property, and was chosen by the cannibals as their king. He started a harem of his own, and had fourteen wives, but hadn't lately taken the census of children. He was always successful in saving his country-men from being roasted and eaten by his subjects, except in one instance, where a stray missionary "cut up rusty," and was banqueted upon by the natives. Smith finally got tired of playing royalty, and set out to return to his native land. At Liverpool he fell among thieves, who robbed him of all his money, and he was compelled to work his way to New York. Failing to get work there, he came west, and secured employment as a laborer on the New Lisbon Court House. He soon sickened of hard work, and longed to return to his cannibal kingdom. Having saved enough money to pay his passage to New Orleans, he left for that place on Saturday the 10th instant, and will sail thence for the Marquesas Island.

Eloped with a Soldier—An old Time Local.—"*The Paper,*" publish ed at Pittsburgh says:

In 18 7 there resided in the neighborhood of the present town of Washington, Pa., a gentleman named Algeo, who was well to do in the world or at least was considered in those early times to be in very comfortable circumstances. He had several children, among them a girl about fourteen years of age, who was remarkably fine looking and doubtless was a great favorite with the young pioneers of the vicinity. Her name was Eleanor Ann Algeo, and she was wooed and won by a young man named Joseph Fletcher, and on the 18th of June, 1807, the marriage ceremony was performed by a Justice of the Peace named John Breckenridge. The happy couple then visited Pittsburgh to spend a little time among some old friends. They made many acquaintances, and among others were introduced to a number of soldiers stationed here. With one of these the bride became especially friendly, and the husband, beginning to get jealous of the young man with the uniform, proposed to return home. To this the bride objected, and wished to remain a few weeks longer. The husband finally consented, much against his wishes, and he made a request of her that her acquaintance with the soldier should cease. To his surprise she readily consented, and he supposed all was right. But jealousy once there can't be been without foundation. So far as he knew, the military man visited her no more. About three weeks after their marriage he returned home, and at the earnest entreaty of the friends of Eleanor, she remained to pass a few hours with them. It was then expected that Joseph would return and take her home to a rude log cabin, which would be in readiness for their reception. Alas! for the high hopes of Joseph. He had been gone but a day or two when one of his friends, Thomas Dobson, whose mark bore testimony to the fact that he had been present at the marriage, became alarmed at the renewed visits of the soldier, and remonstrated with Eleanor, but all to no purpose. After speaking to her once or twice about the matter he dropped the subject, as he learned that the company of soldiers were under marching orders, and would likely go down the river in a few days. The soldier continued his visits to Eleanor, and the day before Joseph was to return, in his villainy, succeeded in inducing her to share the exciting scenes of the camp, rather than continue the hardships of a pioneer life. In a word, when Joseph returned, he found that his rival had departed, but unfortunately, had taken away the bride of four weeks. A note, written in a neat hand, told him that she had found she had been mistaken in supposing that she loved him well enough to share the future with him, and she had determined to share the fortunes of the camp with the only man she ever loved. Of course Joseph at first became desperate, but after considering the matter in all its aspects, determined not to follow his faithless wife. The company of soldiers never returned to Pittsburgh, and he saw her no more. After waiting for five years, he filed an application for a divorce in the court of Common Pleas, at the April term, 1812. A commissioner was appointed to take testimony in the case; the divorce was granted, and after four weeks of marriage and five years of separation, Joseph Fletcher became again a free man. The facts in the above strange case were obtained from the records of divorce suits, on file in the Prothonotary's office.

Bal. Pitts. & Chicago R. R.—A correspondent of the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, writing from Wooster, Ohio, on the 10th, gives us the following information touching the R. R. project in which Beaver Countians are more or less interested:

The first survey for the Baltimore Pittsburgh and Chicago Road was from Beaver to Lisbon; Columbiana county, and thence to Canton, Wooster, Ashland, and Plymouth. Since the change of base in Pennsylvania a new organization has been gotten up in the interest of this road, in the name of the Baltimore, Pittsburgh and Chicago Railway, through the States of Ohio and Indiana to Laporte, commencing at a point in Amity township, Columbiana county, thence to New Lisbon, Bayard, Canton, Wooster, Ashland, Plymouth, Tiffin, Fostoria, Napoleon and Bryan, in Ohio; thence to Angola, Lagrange, Goshen and Laporte, Ind., ready to consolidate as soon as a location is made. A sufficient amount is subscribed in New Lisbon and along the route, including Canton, to grade and procure the right of way from Canton to Laporte—twelve hundred thousand dollars—the greater part of which is already subscribed. The balance will soon be made up, together with the right of way, which is very nearly secured along the entire route. The citizens along this line are alive to their interests, and daily raising stock. It is the opinion of many that two million dollars can be raised along this route. If it is once known that the road will be located on this line, the advantages of this route over all others mentioned are too great to need comment, and I will not enumerate a few of them:

Advantage No. 1: This route produces ten million bushels of coal per annum more than any other route mentioned is the interest of the road, together with endless beds of iron ore and quarries of sand stone, lime stone, &c.

Advantage No. 2: We show for this route from our State statistics that fifty per cent. more agricultural products, such as wheat, rye, oats, corn, barley, seeds, apples, potatoes, and everything else that is raised on land, than any other proposed route.

Advantage No. 3: We claim the greatest tonnage for railroad freight over any other route in the nine counties through which this route runs; we are able to show fifteen millions of bushels of grain raised per year, consequently where large yields of grain are had everything else raised by the farming community is produced in large quantities.

Advantage No. 4: This route passes through eight county seats, many of which are large manufacturing towns; crossing fifteen railroads from New Lisbon to Laporte, the larger number of which will be great feeders, many from the lumber regions of Michigan. A favorable connection will be made with Northern Pacific for the direct California business for Eastern ports.

Advantage No. 5: *The shortest route from Pittsburgh to Chicago is over this line,* which distance is made in four hundred and forty-four miles—twenty-five miles shorter than the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago railroad, with air line and lighter grades than any other proposed route.

Forty-First Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE, Dec. 12.—A number of petitions and memorials were presented.—Among the bills introduced and referred was one authorizing the President, whenever in his judgment he may think the public interest requires it, to issue a proclamation suspending all laws and regulations whereby the right of bonded transportation through any section of the United States is allowed to Mexican and Canadian transportation companies; and also the suspension of the same in regard to the privilege of vessels of Canada and other British Provinces navigating American waters, excepting where the right is secured by treaty stipulation.

A resolution for a general amnesty to political offenders was offered and laid over for future action. A resolution was also offered authorising the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the expediency of purchasing the Republic of Dominica, in accordance with the recommendation of the President; laid over.—The bill to abolish the franking privilege was passed by. Many bills were considered, and those objected to laid over for future consideration. The House bill for the repeal of certain sections of the tenure of office Act was received and referred. Executive session—adj.

HOUSE.—Jos. Rainey, colored member elect from the 4th District from South Carolina, appeared and took the oath of office. A number of bills were presented and referred—among them several for incorporation of Ocean Steamship Companies, and for the encouragement of U. S. commerce. A resolution was adopted calling for information concerning the improvement of Desmoines Rapids. A bill for repeal certain civil tenure of office acts was reported from the Judiciary Committee and passed. A resolution was offered in relation to appointing Commissioners to negotiate for the purchase of San Domingo, and referred. A joint resolution was adopted to adjourn from Thursday 22d inst., until Wednesday, January 4th, 1871. A resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Appropriations to report what effect had been given to the provisions of the last Indian appropriation bill requiring an investigation of certain alleged frauds in connection with Indian affairs. He explained the resolution, and said that the President desired to have a full and thorough investigation, and had called the attention of the Secretary of the Interior to them, with the purpose of having them fully ventilated. After a long discussion on the bill introduced by Mr. Logan abolishing the office of Admiral and Vice Admiral in the navy, it was passed under a suspension of the rules and without division. The following resolution was adopted by a vote of 140 to 6:

Resolved, That the true principle of revenue reform points to the abolition of the internal revenue sytem, which was created as a war measure to provide for its expenses and continuance, which involves the employment, at the cost of millions of dollars annually, supervisors, detectives and other officers previously introduced in number of soldiers stationed here. With one of these the bride became especially friendly, and the husband, beginning to get jealous of the young man with the uniform, proposed to return home. To this the bride objected, and wished to remain a few weeks longer. The husband finally consented, much against his wishes, and he made a request of her that her acquaintance with the soldier should cease. To his surprise she readily consented, and he supposed all was right. But jealousy once there can't be been without foundation. So far as he knew, the military man visited her no more. About three weeks after their marriage he returned home, and at the earnest entreaty of the friends of Eleanor, she remained to pass a few hours with them. It was then expected that Joseph would return and take her home to a rude log cabin, which would be in readiness for their reception. Alas! for the high hopes of Joseph. He had been gone but a day or two when one of his friends, Thomas Dobson, whose mark bore testimony to the fact that he had been present at the marriage, became alarmed at the renewed visits of the soldier, and remonstrated with Eleanor, but all to no purpose. After speaking to her once or twice about the matter he dropped the subject, as he learned that the company of soldiers were under marching orders, and would likely go down the river in a few days. The soldier continued his visits to Eleanor, and the day before Joseph was to return, in his villainy, succeeded in inducing her to share the exciting scenes of the camp, rather than continue the hardships of a pioneer life. In a word, when Joseph returned, he found that his rival had departed, but unfortunately, had taken away the bride of four weeks. A note, written in a neat hand, told him that she had found she had been mistaken in supposing that she loved him well enough to share the future with him, and she had determined to share the fortunes of the camp with the only man she ever loved. Of course Joseph at first became desperate, but after considering the matter in all its aspects, determined not to follow his faithless wife. The company of soldiers never returned to Pittsburgh, and he saw her no more. After waiting for five years, he filed an application for a divorce in the court of Common Pleas, at the April term, 1812. A commissioner was appointed to take testimony in the case; the divorce was granted, and after four weeks of marriage and five years of separation, Joseph Fletcher became again a free man. The facts in the above strange case were obtained from the records of divorce suits, on file in the Prothonotary's office.

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SECOND SESSION.

SENATE, Dec. 12.—A number of petitions and memorials were presented.—Among the bills introduced and referred was one authorizing the President, whenever in his judgment he may think the public interest requires it, to issue a proclamation suspending all laws and regulations whereby the right of bonded transportation through any section of the United States is allowed to Mexican and Canadian transportation companies; and also the suspension of the same in regard to the privilege of vessels of Canada and other British Provinces navigating American waters, excepting where the right is secured by treaty stipulation.

A resolution for a general amnesty to political offenders was offered and laid over for future action. A resolution was also offered authorising the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the expediency of purchasing the Republic of Dominica, in accordance with the recommendation of the President; laid over.—The bill to abolish the franking privilege was passed by. Many bills were considered, and those objected to laid over for future consideration. The House bill for the repeal of certain sections of the tenure of office Act was received and referred. Executive session—adj.

HOUSE.—Jos. Rainey, colored member elect from the 4th District from South Carolina, appeared and took the oath of office. A number of bills were presented and referred—among them several for incorporation of Ocean Steamship Companies, and for the encouragement of U. S. commerce. A resolution was adopted calling for information concerning the improvement of Desmoines Rapids. A bill for repeal certain civil tenure of office acts was reported from the Judiciary Committee and passed. A resolution was offered in relation to appointing Commissioners to negotiate for the purchase of San Domingo, and referred. A joint resolution was adopted to adjourn from Thursday 22d inst., until Wednesday, January 4th, 1871. A resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Appropriations to report what effect had been given to the provisions of the last Indian appropriation bill requiring an investigation of certain alleged frauds in connection with Indian affairs. He explained the resolution, and said that the President desired to have a full and thorough investigation, and had called the attention of the Secretary of the Interior to them, with the purpose of having them fully ventilated. After a long discussion on the bill introduced by Mr. Logan abolishing the office of Admiral and Vice Admiral in the navy, it was passed under a suspension of the rules and without division. The following resolution was adopted by a vote of 140 to 6:

Resolved, That the true principle of revenue reform points to the abolition of the internal revenue sytem, which was created as a war measure to provide for its expenses and continuance, which involves the employment, at the cost of millions of dollars annually, supervisors, detectives and other officers previously introduced in number of soldiers stationed here. With one of these the bride became especially friendly, and the husband, beginning to get jealous of the young man with the uniform, proposed to return home. To this the bride objected, and wished to remain a few weeks longer. The husband finally consented, much against his wishes, and he made a request of her that her acquaintance with the soldier should cease. To his surprise she readily consented, and he supposed all was right. But jealousy once there can't be been without foundation. So far as he knew, the military man visited her no more. About three weeks after their marriage he returned home, and at the earnest entreaty of the friends of Eleanor, she remained to pass a few hours with them. It was then expected that Joseph would return and take her home to a rude log cabin, which would be in readiness for their reception. Alas! for the high hopes of Joseph

SELECT MISCELLANY.

From Chambers' Journal.

Important Hints to Wives.—How to Heap Coals of Fire on Your Husband's Head.

We all know that revenge is a bad passion; a coarse and cruel instinct, which has the baleful power of intensifying every other evil propensity, and by the side of which not so much as the poorest, palest little virtue seems able to live and rear its head. In rude times, and whenever society is in a chaotic condition, and law but an impotent weakling, murder is the usual expression of revenge. Among ourselves, with an avenger of blood not often, sleeping at his post, and *with a social polity less fierce*, if it is also *more false*, we employ slander. We put private hindrances in the way of a man's *getting a good thing*; we break off a profitable marriage by secret *insinuations*; we unearth all the skeletons belonging to the enemy and his family and put them up for *public inspection in the market-place*; we betray the secrets intrusted to us in the weakness of a fond moment; we hint at this and we insinuate that; sometimes we make a bolder and more concrete accusation, and when we have *done all that we can* to ruin the man by whom we fancy ourselves aggrieved, we feel that we have had our revenge and are content. This is revenge in the nineteenth century, in countries where law in some sort dominates passion, and impulses are kept in check by fear of the policeman and the prison van.

But there are other forms of taking revenge, and among the most ingenious is that of heaping coals of fire on the head of an offender—exaggerating the virtues of obedience, and patience, and forgiveness, till they become *instruments of torture instead of gracious gifts of blessing*, and essentially vices if nominally virtues. Yet it is *difficult to complain of this* exaggeration because of the holy texts and wise words wherewith it is *defended*. If, however, you disregard this dolce work, and say that it is possible to be too good, and too virtuous, and that any quality, even *of those especially named Christian*, if carried out of the bounds of common sense and into the region of excess, *becomes a vice*, you are set down *as heathen outright*; you must be content to bear the stigma of irreligion because of your philosophic passion for limitation. If, on the other hand, you give in without a struggle, you know that hence forth your *doom is sealed*, and that your tormentor has the best of it, and will keep what he has; that all you have to do now is to accept patiently the heaping up of burning coals which will, to the end of time, be piled on your devoted head.

This *taking revenge* by heaping up coals of fire may be shown in many ways. Let us take one, by no means uncommon in a certain kind of home—that of excessive and exaggerated patience during, and long after a temporary attack of ill-temper on your part, and of an unrelenting obedience to your transient wishes, if they have been petulently expressed.

Most people are at times afflicted with peevish humors; and you are not exempt from the ordinary feelings of humanity. But your humor was temporary, and you are heartily ashamed of it, and sorry that you gave way to it as you did; and then it is past and you are again in your right mind, you wish for nothing so much as for a candid oblivion on both sides. You are ready to make any apology that may be needed, and you would bear meekly even an uncompromising rating, if only it *might* end in frank forgiveness and forgetfulness. But your coal-heaper does not forgive and cannot forget; *and* takes good care that neither shall you. If you plunge head foremost into an apology, you are stopped with the loftiest, the most intense expression of meekness and forbearance. "My dear," deprecatingly, "why say a word about it? I assure you I bear no ill-will. *I know my duty, and I* hope I shall have strength given me to do it, so pray say no more." Perhaps with the addition, smiling plaintively, "Am I not accustomed to it?"

This is the revenge which your coal-heaper takes; and it is a severe one. No remonstrance, no anger, no fit of sulks even would be so bad as that saintly, statuesque, resigned patience which makes you feel a brute in your own eyes, and shows you that you are past all redemption in the eyes of others.

Another form of coal-heaping is an exaggerated attention to your hasty words. Say you have found fault with your wife or house-keeper, for something that was going wrong in her special department; say even that because of a temporary derangement of your health, with derangement of temper to correspond, the fault found was disproportioned to the offence committed; yet all you meant to inculcate was the necessity of a reasonable reform in a slight *misdemeanor*, and better ordering in some affair of minor mismanagement. Your heaper-up of burning coals is determined that the reform shall not be reasonable, and in that excess shall be your punishment. You have committed the offence of remonstrating against certain wastefulness in the home commissariat—something which has been absurdly wasteful, and quite beyond all harmony with your means; your coal-heaper stints herself in elemental comforts, rigidly cuts herself off from her fried bacon at breakfast and her glass of wine at dinner, on the plea of your not being able to afford it; and if you remonstrate with her, and tell her she is ridiculous, she answers meekly that "you told her to keep down the bills, and she does not know in what else to retrench"—as she is sure no one can keep house more economically than she does—she has begun with herself." At the same time she makes your mess like Benjamin's and redoubles your most expensive luxuries which are yours only. She never complains, remember; she only makes herself ostentatiously uncomfortable, with a patience as ostentatious as her self-martyrdom.

If you think ten o'clock too late for breakfast, and growl at the delay and discomfort ensuing from the postponement of your "matins" asking why you cannot have things earlier? the whole house is alive and astir at five; and your wife gets up (for a few mornings) at six; and thinks she has done her duty by you, and obeyed you. If you say that lying on a sofa reading French novels is not your idea of a good housekeeper, henceforth she plunges into all kinds of menial employments, goes about in a rusty old gown with a duster in her hand; and when you want her to take a walk, is sure to be in the kitchen, whence she emerges with dabs of paste sticking to her fingers, or she comes in with her face flushed by "standing over the fire," when rather stately visitors call, and you have special reasons for wishing her to look nice. But how can you complain of her obedience? Has she not turned over a new leaf, as you desired she should? Granted; but you did not ask her to turn over a half a dozen at once, or to make so much flutter in the process.

One great weapon of a woman in this kind of secret warfare, this heaping up of burning coals, is to pretend to be afraid of her husband; and not only to carry to the extreme any wish he may have expressed, but to do it with a certain affectation of fear, as if he were the ogre of whom she was in mortal dread, though sweetly resigned to her fate all the same; as if he were a tyrant, whose good will she seeks to propitiate by works of supererogation, all the time she is quivering with fear and anticipating the worst.

The children play a large part in this special manner of coal-heaping. You are reasonably fond of them, but you do not think it necessary to give up all the gravity of life, all the importance of business, to their pleasures. And you do not think it hurts them to be snubbed if they are troublesome, and put in their right place, the background, if they are forward or in the way. You come home harassed and disturbed. Things are looking black in the city; your difficult case, from which you had hoped so much in the hospital yesterday, threatens to prove a failure; you lost your cause, in court to-day by an overslight; one of the thousand anxieties to which professional men are liable has invaded your temper; and the irritability—that you wish she "would keep the children quiet and not let them make such a confounded noise."

From that day forward you are their ogre as well as hers, and your presence is the signal for their penance.

"Hush! here's papa!" mamma says *in a half-frightened kind of a way* as soon as you are within hearing. "Papa doesn't like to hear you talk, dears, speak softly," in an audible whisper from the other end of the room, where they are all congregated together, mamma and the little ones with half combed locks turned askance at you, seated in solitary majesty before the blazing grate. After which presently comes a faint sigh of pity for herself and them, an expressive shiver, followed by a gentle, "come away with me, my loves, we will go into another room where there is a fire, and then you can play without disturbing Papa."

You all this while, having got over the pinch under which you were suffering some weeks ago when you asked for quiet, and are perfectly indifferent to their little voices, and indeed rather enjoy listening to their prattle and hearing their odd remarks. But you once told your wife to keep them quiet, and she takes her revenge by translating you once into forever, and by making your momentary irritation an enduring annoyance.

It is the same with your more carnal tastes, and in this manner of taking revenge wives and housekeepers are naturally adepts, owing to their position and power. There has been a run on boiled beef, say, which you one day liked. Since then boiled beef has become like the "rabbits hot and rabbits cold" of the Welsh grace, and you are surfeited with boiled beef. You hate the sight of the red and white, the carrots and the cabbage, the broad silver skewer, and the big well dish, and you complain. "Three times in a fortnight!" you say with an ill-tempered sniff, "Enough to disgust any man!" It is possible you may be told, meekly, "You used to like it, or at least you said you did; but never mind, I have made a mistake, and you shall not be annoyed by its appearance again." Whether you are told this or not, it never does appear again. If, after a year's abstinence, you ask why you never have boiled beef now? you are told that you don't like it; and, therefore, although it is just the very thing your coal-heaper likes best, and what is most profitable in the household, to do down in order it now. Meekly you protest, and say that you do like it in moderation; perhaps, having forgotten all about the surfeit and the remonstrance, you omit the moderation and say shortly you do like it. On which she either sheds tears and asks plaintively, "What can I do to please you?" or she fires out into the anger that has been smouldering for a year, and says, wrathful, "How is it possible to satisfy a man so unjust, so fond of finding fault, whatever is done for him, as you are."

The Anaconda of Trinidad.

That there were Anacondas about the place, possibly within fifty yards of the house, there was no doubt. One of our party had seen with his own eyes one of seven-and-twenty feet long killed, with a whole kid inside it, only a few miles off. The brown policeman, crossing an arm of the Guanape only a month or two before, had been frightened by meeting one in the ford, which his excited imagination magnified so much that its head was on the one bank while its tail was on the other, a measurement which must, I think, be divided at least by three. But in the very spot in which we stood happened some four years since, what might have been a painful tragedy. Four young ladies, whose names were mentioned to me, preferred, not wisely, a patee in the still lagoon to one in the surf outside; and as they disported themselves, one of them felt herself seized from behind. Fancying that one of her sisters was playing tricks, she called out to her to let her alone; and looking up, saw, to her astonishment, her three sisters setting on the bank, and herself alone. She looked back, and shrieked for help; and only just in time, for the snake had her. The other three girls, to their honor, dashed in to her assistance. The brute had luckily got hold, not of her poor little body, but of her bathing-dress, which was luckily of thin cotton, until it was torn off, the Anaconda slid back again with it in his mouth into the dark labrinth of the mangrove-roots, and the girl was saved. Two minutes' delay, and his coils would have been round her, and all would have been over.

The sudden daring of these lazy and stupid animals is very great. The brain seems to act like that of the alligator, paroxysmally and by rare fits and starts, lying four hours motionless as if asleep. But when excited, they will attempt great deeds. Dr. De Verteuil tells a story—and, if he tells it, it must be believed—of some hunters who wounded a deer. The deer ran for a stream down a bank; but the hunters had no sooner heard it splash into the water than they heard it scream. They leaped down the place, and found it in the coils of an Anaconda, which they killed with the deer. And yet this snake, which had dared to seize the full-grown deer, could have no hope of eating her; for it was only seven feet long. — *Kingsley's Letters from the Tropics.*

THE JAY COOKE BOND SUIT.

The New York *Times* of Wednesday says: The suit brought by the Government against Jay Cooke & Co., the well-known firm of bankers, for the recovery of $18,000 in United States bonds, together with interest since 1868, was finished at the United States District Court, yesterday, before Judge Blatchford and a jury, after having lasted thirteen days. A large amount of evidence was introduced during the trial, and the case was warmly contested, both by counsel for the Government and for the defense. It was claimed that the bankers sold eighteen $1,000 Government bonds at the Sub-Treasury in this city about two years ago, and that they were subsequently discovered to be counterfeits, and to have been printed from a plate stolen from the Treasury Department at Washington. The bonds which were purchased by Jay Cooke & Co., from private parties, in ignorance of their true character, were so finely executed that it was some time before their ungenuineness was detected. A demand was made by the Government for the redemption of the bonds, but this was not complied with by the bankers. A demand was also made on other banking firms who had sold the Government similar bonds under similar circumstances, with the same result. District Attorney Davis, during the suit, brought witnesses to prove for the Government that the bonds did not belong to the regular issue of the Treasury Bureau, and that they were worthless. Mr. Burrill, counsel for the defense, endeavors to prove that they were not fraudulent, and that his clients were not responsible for the alleged loss on the part of the Government. After summing up the case, yesterday, Judge Blatchford delivered a charge to the jury, and the latter body then retired. The jury deliberated for about twenty minutes, and then returned with a verdict for the Government, giving $23,030 88 as damages against Jay Cooke & Co. It is probable that an appeal will be taken in the case.

AFLOAT ON THE SEA OF LIFE.

A Boston Merchant's Adventure in a New York Omnibus—Saved from the Fangs of a Tiger—Two Years After—Strange Conduct of a Negro on Jim Fisk's Steamer.

[New York Correspondence St. Louis Republican.]

One of the wildest afternoons last week, the dust blowing in clouds, a marriage eventuated in Grace Church, in which I took a great interest. As there are twenty weddings coming off there just now, the romantic antecedents of one pair will not be easily located, and you shall have their recital:

Three years ago this winter, a young Boston merchant came on one of the late trains to New York. Designing to go to the St. Nicholas, he took his satchel and shawl, and about 9 P. M. was wending his way thereto in a Fifth avenue stage, which contained but one other occupant, a young lady, richly and elegantly attired, who sat in the further corner, and beyond a passing glance at his entrance gave him no further attention. The stage lumbered along. The gentleman disbursed his ten cents, wrapped his shawl over him as he sat near the door, and, tired with his long journey, was very nearly asleep when the vehicle halted opposite the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and at the same instant the lady in the corner sprang closely to his side, dragged his shawl about her shoulders, and nestled her face against his breast as a portly, gray old gentleman hoisted himself heavily into the stage. The young lady had so precipitously changed her base that the half-awake traveler sat motionless, gasping with astonishment.

As the stage again started, the soft voice of the young girl began to state the case and defend her position: "Do make believe I belong to you," she murmured. "That's my father in the corner; he thinks I am safe at home, and not for a thousand worlds would I have him know I was out. As I saw him getting in it was my only chance to do this dreadful thing." The gentleman didn't think it was so dreadful; but he tucked his companion up and whispered, "Where are you going?"

"To Brooks' Academy to a dance," said the belle. Remembrances of that Celtic gentleman who spent "three weeks at Brooks'" Academy, learning a step for Lanigan's ball," came over the Boston merchant.—But on went the stage, the old gentleman buttoned closely up, the whispered conversation went on, the deluded father, if he thought anything about it, thought what a loving couple it is. The young gentleman learned the young lady's escort was to be waiting her on the corner of Broome and Broadway. Arrived at last, he wrapped her head and ears with the ample shawl, and carefully lifted her out. Faithful to time and place, on the corner stood the waiting partner, conspicuously flashing his opera-glass and smoking very poor cigars, and adorned with much cheap jewelery and the lady friend, whose beaux one of the two seemed to be. If the exterior of the young men was unprepossessing that of the female was more so. The Boston man felt loth to leave his improvised friend with these people; the fair girl was more anxious for the ball than ever since pa was evidently going to Brooklyn to stop all night.

But after some conversation, that developed the species to which the young lady with the wax bead necklace, and the Connecticut Havana smokers belonged, our hero so wrought upon our heroine that she gave up the friend and left her "feller" and the feller designed for Miss "Ella," departed for the dance in a huff, while the merchant and the adventurous Ella retraced their way up town.

Within the portals of a handsome house just off the Fifth avenue, he safely saw her housed, and finally he brought his travels to an end for the night, under the roof of the St. Nicholas. Business occupied our friend's time to the exclusion of visiting, or hunting up the companion of his singular ride, and after two days' stay, during which he often thought, no doubt, of the pretty little girl he had befriended, he went home. Time went swiftly by. Again business called the gentleman to New York. This time it being hot weather, he came by one of Jim Fisk's big boats, and after supper sat outside chatting with some smokers, discussed politics, or "roamed in meditation fancy free," when one of the waiters approaching, handed him a card, upon which in dainty chirography were inscribed these mysterious words: "If you used to wear upon your watch chain a locket made in the shape of an English walnut, follow the man who hands you this till you reach a window he will designate by standing one moment before." Our hero readily remembered a huge ball locket that at the risk of becoming round shouldered he had worn nearly a year, and it is to be presumed, if his memory failed a locket at all to remember, he'd have done precisely as he did, which was to throw away his cigar and follow the waiter, who wound a circuitous route among chairs and around passengers till a certain state-room window was reached, when stopping and casting a significant glance at Mr. ——, he circumspectly withdrew. The gentleman surveyed the position. Each little window was draped with a curtain. But even while he begin to think he'd better go for that nigger, a curtain was pushed aside and a very lovely girlish face was framed in the opening. It was not many moments before he knew the young lady in the window was the mysterious lady of his stage adventure two winters before. She had remembered his face, and making herself known she made also known her trouble. She had been kept at a seminary in Mt. Holyoke during three seasons. She had that summer determined to emancipate herself, and forming an acquaintance with a travelling theatrical company, she had run away a month previous from her school, and had travelled thereafter with the troupe—playing small parts, and enjoying herself hugely. Her father, who had been skirmishing all over the Eastern States, had got on her track, and captured her at last, was taking her home a prisoner. She was even then locked in her state-room, but at the table having recognized the friend of her previous escapade she had pointed him out to a quick-witted waiter, and effected this communication.

The Boston merchant began to feel a growing interest in the wilful captive, and an arrangement was made for further communication in New York.

The young man armed with proper credentials, approached the paternal relative, who, perhaps, feeling incompetent to manage with continued credit the fiery, untamed spirit of his offspring, made no great resistance to the invader; and this month, with great pomp and splendor, the Boston merchant has taken for better and worse the adventurous, young lady, he met in a Fifth avenue stage, bound for Brook's Academy! Whether she may not learn him some day the steps peculiar to Lanigan's ball, time alone can determine.

—Mrs. Jones—"Why havn't you been around to see me?"

Mrs. Smith—"I really longed to, but—and why havn't you dropped in on me?"

Mrs. Jones—"I would have been delighted, but"—both smiled vigorously.

—Robinson met Smith as he was going on board a steamer on the Mississippi river, and asked:

"Which way, Smith—up or down?"

"That depends upon circumstances," remarked the latter. "If I get a berth over the boiler, I shall probably go up; if in the cabin, down."

Old Times in Washington.

In the olden time, says *Harper's Bazar*, the wealthy Senators and Representatives used to journey hither from their homes in their own carriages, which they had for their use during the session in this city of magnificent distances. Rufus King used to come with *his four bays*; the *four* iron grays which Jackson drove from the Hermitage when he was *Senator* have never been surpassed; and Calhoun's four-in-hand chestnuts which brought him and his family from Fort Hill, were much admired. Harry Clay, when he was first a *member of the House*, rode from Ashland here on a thorough-bred colt of his own raising, and it took him longer to get here than it now does a California member of Congress to come by rail from the Golden Gate.

Nowadays those Congressmen who keep carriages bring their establishments by rail, or have them come by steamer. So the fine stepping grays of Senator Edmunds come from Vermont, fresh and in good condition, and the bays of Representative Hooper were on Pennsylvania avenue on the third morning after they left the tortuous streets of Boston, while half a dozen or more turnouts that last week graced Central Park are now to be seen on our new rural drive in the grounds of the Soldiers' Home.

DR. KYSER'S LUNG CURE, a well-known medicine, prepared by the great lung doctor whose name it bears, is a trophy won to science whose merits are acknowledge by thousands of our best citizens. When we look around and see the thousands who have been cured by its almost miraculous power, we cannot but wonder at the careless neglect which swells the lists of those who die annually of pulmonary consumption. In its early stages Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure is a specific; in its last stages it will alleviate and often cure. 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. $1.50 per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four bottles securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

"SHAWL STYLES."

—Youth's companion—A pretty girl.

—The gambler's four in hand—Four aces.

—To remove stains from character—Get rich.

—Charge of the light brigade—The gas company's bill.

—Supposing the river Ganges to be three cubits in breadth (which it isn't), what is the average height of the Alps, stock being at 92½.

—If two men kill two brace of partridges in going up the right side of a rectangular turnipfield, how many would be killed by five men and a terrier pup in going down the other side?

—A cute young wife says:—"When I want a nice snug day all to myself, I tell George dear mother is coming, and then I see nothing of him until one in the morning."

—During the examination a medical student being asked the question, "When does mortification set in?" replied, "When you pop the question and are answered 'No.'"

—What is so scarce in Madison, Indiana, that the people don't think of using it as a beverage. It is even reported that the milkmen have been compelled to sell pure milk, as a matter of economy.

—Accidental Death—'Pat, where's your brother?' 'Och, thin, me darlint, he's dead, sir.' 'How did he die?' 'Why, sir, you see, he fell off the scaffold one day when the praist was talkin' to him.'

—"Wife," said a man, looking for a razor-case, "I have places where I keep my things, and you ought to know it." "Yes," said she, "I ought to know where you keep your late hours."

—"Man proposes, but God disposes," said a pious aunt to her overconfident niece. "Let a man propose to me if he dare," was the response, "and I will dispose of him according to my own views, as he suits me."

—An old lady of Connecticut, who lost her purse a short time since at New Haven, declared, on its being restored to her, that she would not attempt to interfere with the reward which was stored up in heaven for the finder, by offering him money.

—If a milk-maid, four feet ten inches in height, while sitting on a three-legged stool, took four pints of milk out of every fifteen cows, what was the size of the field in which the animals grazed, and what was the girl's age?

—If in autumn apples cost 4d. a piece in London, and potatoes a shilling a score in the spring, when will green gages be sold in Paris at 11d. each, Spanish oranges being at a discount of 5 per cent.

—The heighth of folly—to stick your finger into a bucket of water, pull it out, and then look for the hole; to think you can make pork out of pig-iron, or that you can become a shoemaker by drinking sherry cobblers.

—An Iowa husband a few months ago agreed to give his wife three dollars a week to maintain comparative silence, deducting one cent for every superfluous word she uttered. She now owes him nearly enough to pay the national debt.

—Hard on Him.—At one of our neighbor's houses was a very bright little girl. It chanced once that they had as a guest a minister, an esteemed friend.

Little Annie watched him closely, and finally sat down beside him and began to draw on her slate.

"What are you doing, Annie?" asked the clergyman.

"I'se making your picture," said the little child.

So the gentleman sat very still, and she worked away earnestly for a while. Then she stopped and compared her work with the original, and shook her head.

"I don't like it much," she said. "Taint a great deal like you. I dess I'll put a tail to it, and call it a dorg."

Fancy his feelings. What a likeness it must have been.

—An Excellent Reason.—In Indiana, a husband, after a spree, was led home by one of his friends, who, after polsing him safely on the door steps, rang the bell, and retreated somewhat deviously to the other side of the street, to see if it would be answered.

Promptly the door was opened, and the fond spouse, who had waited up for her husband appeared, saying:

"Why, Walter, is that you?"

"Yes, my dear."

"What in the world has kept you so?"

"Been out on a little turn with 'erboys, my d-d-arling."

"Why, Walter, you're intoxicated."

"Yes, dear, I estimate that's so."

"What on earth made you get so drunk?" And why—oh, 'why' do you come to me in this dreadful state?"

"Because, my dyling, 'all th' other places" shut up.'"

New Advertisements.

Election Notice.

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, } NEW BRIGHTON, Dec. 7, 1871. }

The stockholders of the National Bank of Beaver County are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of nine (9) Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking-House, in New Brighton, on the second Tuesday, —10th day—of January next (1871), between the hours of 12 o'clock and 2 o'clock of the said day.

By order of the Board.

dec7te EDWARD HOOPS, *Cash'r.*

THE ESTATE OF RICHARD GARDINER, DEC'D.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Richard Gardiner, late of the borough of Beaver, in the county of Beaver, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said borough; all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them without delay to the undersigned, properly authenticated for settlement.

nov18:6w MARMADUKE WILSON, *Adm'r.*

Miscellaneous.

Scientific American FOR 1871.

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR.

This splendid weekly, greatly enlarged and improved, is one of the most useful and interesting journals ever published. Every number is beautifully printed on fine paper, and elegantly illustrated with original engravings, representing New Inventions, Novelties in Mechanics, Manufactures, Chemistry, Photography, Architecture, Agriculture, Engineering, Science and Art.

Farmers, Mechanics, Inventors, Engineers, Chemists, Manufacturers, and people of all professions or trades will find the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

of great value and interest.

Its practical suggestions will save hundreds of dollars to every Household, Workshop and Factory in the land, besides affording a Continual Source of Valuable Instruction. The Editors are assisted by many of the ablest American and European writers, and having access to all the leading Scientific and Mechanical Journals of the world, the columns of the **Scientific American** are constantly enriched with the choicest information.

An Official List of all the Patents issued is published weekly.

The yearly numbers of the **Scientific American** make Two Splendid Volumes of nearly One Thousand Pages, equivalent in size to Four Thousand ordinary book pages.

Specimen copies sent free.

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DR.

Total amount of duplicate, 1869, Joseph Newell, Treasurer..... $4,934 79

CR

Exonerated..... $223 64
Unsettled Land..... 3 84
Am't. paid on bonds and vouchers and per centage..... 4,878 43

$5,121 91

Amount due Treasurer on settlement... $187 12
Amount due from former Treasurer, Rev Samuel Patterson, on settlement of duplicate for the year 1867..... $750 00

We hereby certify that we have examined the foregoing account, and find it correct as it stands.

JAS. P. MARTIN, JOHN WHEELER, JAS. P. DILWORTH. } Auditors.

Darlington, Oct. 23, '70. dec7:3w

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